NORTH CAROLINA TELEGRAPH.

"BE JUST AND FEAR NOT! LET ALL THE ENDS THOU AIM'ST AT BE THY COUNTRY'S, THY GOD'S AND TRUTH'S."

VOLUME 2. | GOLDSBORO', N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1850. | NUMBER 41.

THE TELEGRAPH.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY

W. F. S. ALSTON, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.

THE NORTH CAROLINA TELEGRAPH will be sent to Subscribers at Two Dollars per annum, if paid in advance. Two Dollars and a half if payment be delayed three months, and Three Dollars at the end of the year. These Terms will be invariably adhered to.

Advertisements.

1 square, 1st time,	$1 00	3 squares, 1 year, $20
For each continuance,	25	Half column, " 50
1 square, 1 year,	8 00	One column, " 85
2 squares, 1 year,	15 00	

☞ Letters on business, and all communications intended for publication, must be *post paid.*

Wilmington Cards.

C. MYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS,

And *WALKING CANES* of every description,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

☞ Country Merchants supplied at New York Wholesale prices. 30 1y

SAVAGE & MEARES,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

HAVE always on hand and for sale, by the quantity:

Sugar, Coffee,	Liquors of all kinds,
Molasses, Salt,	Wines, Teas, Soap,
Candles,	Foolscap, Letter and
Segars, Tobacco,	Wrapping Paper,
Flour,	Salmon, Mackerel, &c.,

comprising a general assortment of all articles in the Grocery line, which they offer at the lowest prices.

Particular attention given to filling all orders from the country, and the sale of produce.

Wilmington, June 12. 88

JOHN A. STANLY.

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Would respectfully inform his innumerable friends of the Eighth District, and old Edgecomb, that he has established himself in the above business, and would be pleased to serve them to order. A18

SAVAGE & MEARES,

GROCERS, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

And General Agents for the sale of Country Produce,

SOUTH WATER STREET,

(Third door below Market-Street,)

WILMINGTON, N. C.

EDWARD SAVAGE, 23 GASTON MEARES.

S. R. Ford,

WILMINGTON, N. CAROLINA.

Dealer in Marble Monuments; Head and Foot Stones; Paint Stones; Imposing Stones;

And in short, any article called for of either Italian, Egyptian or American Marble: and work warranted to please or no sale; and if damaged before delivery, it is at his expense.

W. F. S. Alston, Agent, Goldsboro' N. C.

Nov 23. 5

GEO. H. KELLY,

Commission Merchant

Next door to A. A. Wamsley's, on North Water st, will attend to the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, such as Corn, Peas, Meal, Bacon, Lard, &c and will keep constantly on hand a full supply of Groceries, &c.

REFERENCES—Willis Hall and B Caraway, of Wayne, and E P Hall, John McRae Gen Alexander McKee, and Willie A Walker, of Wilmington.

Wilmington, Dec. 13. 8 1y

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM.

GENERAL

COMMISSION & FORWARDING

MERCHANT

WILMINGTON, N. C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW JERSEY:

SURPLUS OVER $800,000.

October 20th, 1849 1—

WM. H. LIPPITT.

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Window Glass, Shop Furniture.

PERFUMERY; FANCY ARTICLES; STATIONERY: GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

Proscriptions accurately compounded. Medicine can be obtained at any hour of the night by calling at his DRUG STORE, where will always be found some one ready to wait on persons.

N. E. Corner of Front and Market Street.

Wilmington, Oct. 31st, 1849. 8 1y.

J. HATHAWAY & SON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Strict attention paid to the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, and liberal cash advances made on the same. 3d door North Water street.

J. HATHAWAY. J. L. HATHAWAY.

June 12, 1850. 33-1y.

J. W. EVANS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR,

SMITHFIELD, N. C.

Attends the Courts of Johnston, Wayne, and Cumberland Counties. 23

New Spring and Summer Goods

FOR 1850.

SAMUEL S. DUFFY, Newbern, N.C.

FIRE PROOF BUILDING, ON POLLOK STREET.

THE Subscriber has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has purchased a Large and Handsome Stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which he is now Receiving and Opening, and would respectfully solicit his customers and purchasers generally, to call and give his STOCK a careful examination. He would enumerate the following, as PART of his Stock:

PRINTS, English, French, and American, a large assortment. LAWNS, New Styles and Patterns. GINGHAMS, a handsome Variety. BAREGES. Silk stripe Tissues. Silk stripe BAPTISTE and ALPORINES, PERI CLOTES, CHAMELION, MOHAIR & LINEN LUSTRES, *Fancy Organdies & Jaconets, White & Colored Lace Muslins,* Black and Fancy *Dress Silks Umbrellas & Parasols, French Work Capes, Collars, Cuffs, &c.* BONNETS, a great variety of styles, with Ribbons, Flowers, &c for Trimming.

A Large and Handsome Variety of Goods for gentlemen's wear. BROWN AND BLEACHED DOMESTICS. *Spring & Summer Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Ladies' Fine Shoes And Gaiter Boots, Fancy Articlee, Perfumery, &c. &c.*

SAMUEL S. DUFFY.

P. S.—S. S. DUFFY has made arrangements to receive the new styles of Goods as they come out.

Newberne, May 1, 1850. 27.

Gold and Silver Watches, and Fine Jewelry.

THE Undersigned has now on hand, a large and fashionable assortment of Fine Jewelry, consisting in part of *GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, of all kinds; GOLD FOB, VEST and GUARD CHAINS, KEYS and SEALS; Gold and Silver SPECTACLES; Finger Rings, Ear Rings, Breast Pins, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Butter and Fruit Knives, Gold and Silver Thimbles, &c. &c. &c. ALSO,*

A large lot of Cutlery, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c., &c.

☞ Watches and Jewelry repaired in superior style. Old Gold and Silver received in exchange.

T. W. BROWN,

Wilmington, May 20, Market street.

Work left at this office, will be forwarded to Mr. Brown without delay.

NOTICE.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, AND GUNS, CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHENWARE.

The subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington, and surrounding country, that they have opened under the Mozart Hall, Front street, and next door to Messrs. Hart and Polley, an assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, and Crockery; and having purchased our Goods on the best terms, we will therefore be enabled to offer inducements to Purchasers. A call is earnestly solicited. Below we enumerate the following articles:

Table and pocket cutlery; Carving and Butcher knives; Scissors, shears and Hemg's Needles; Razors; Razor strops and Hones; Anvils; Vices and Bellowses; Sledge, Claw, and Hatchet Hammers; Axes of superior quality; Mill taper and half round Files and Rasps; Cross cut, hand and tenant saws, Rim plate, Mortice and Pad Locks; screws, bolts and butts; augers, gimblets, chisels; Braces and Bits; Hilling, Weeding and Grubbing Hoes; spades, shovels and forks; coffee mills; Tea Kettles and sauce Pans; Frying Pans; Brass and Enameled preserving Kettles; Brittania, Tea, and Coffee Pots; Table and Tea spoons, soup Ladles; cut Tacks, Nails; scythe blades; whet stones; patent platform, counter scales, various sizes; Hollow ware, consisting of Pots, Ovens, spiders, skillets; Furnaces, &c., wagon and cart boxes in setts, Whitmore's cotton and wool cards; superior double and single Percussion Guns and Rifles. Together with a good assortment of China, Glass and Earthenware, which will be sold very low for cash, by R. S. THOMPSON & CO.

Mozart Hall, Front st, next door to Hart & Polley.

Wilmington, May 20. 30

Molasses.

In bbls., tierces, and hhds. For sale very low by Wilmington, April 8. OWEN HOLMES.

Valuable Land for Sale

THE undersigned, desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his

Valuable Tract of River Land,

on the south side of Neuse River, 10 miles south of Smithfield, Johnston county, containing One Thousand Acres, on which there is a comfortable Dwelling House, and excellent Out Houses. There is a sufficient quantity of cleared land on said tract, to work 25 hands to advantage. It is a healthy situation, and the best STOCK RANGE in the State. Any person purchasing said land, can be furnished with stock, corn, fodder, and plantation tools, &c., &c.

ALSO, about 3 miles distant from said tract, Fourteen Hundred Acres of

Turpentine Land,

on which there are about Eighty Thousand Boxes cut, that have been worked 3 or 4 seasons.

Terms will be made easy. For particulars, refer to the Editor of the N. C. Telegraph, or to the undersigned, on the premises.

JOHN F. SANDERS.

Johnston county, June 1, 1850. 32 tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishing to move to the west, offers for sale his

Tract of Land,

situate fourteen miles southwest of Smithfield, Johnston county, containing 1500 Acres. A large portion of it is excellent **Turpentine Land,** and within two miles of a Turpentine Distillery. There is also a good farm, in fine order, sufficient for four horses; a large commodious Dwelling House, together with many other convenient houses; a very extensive young apple and peach orchard, in good condition; and unsurpassed for health, good water, and beauty of location.

The above will be sold low for cash, by immediate application to the subscriber.

JAMES G. WOODALL.

Johnston county, June 1. 32 tf

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Life Insurance Company

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE above Company has been in operation nearly one year, under the immediate supervision of

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Charles E. Johnston, } *Medical Board of*
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, } *Consultation.*
Dr. R. B. Haywood, }
C. B. Root, }
W. D. Cooke, } *Executive Committee.*
Dr. W. R. Scott, }

J. Hersman, General Agent.

During this time more than 500 Polices have been issued, with an increasing demand for information on the subject of Life Insurance.

This Company is working under the most liberal Charter known to Life Companies. The 5th section provides as follows:

5. *Be it further enacted,* That the husband may insure his own life, for the sole use and benefit of his wife or children, and in case of the death of the husband, the amount thus insured shall be paid over to the wife or children, for their own use, free from all the claims of the representatives of the husband or any of his creditors.

Organized on principles *purely Mutual,* the life Members participate in the whole of the profits.—Besides, the insured is allowed to use his annual dividends in renewal of Premium.

Slaves are insured for a term of from one to five years, for 2-3 their value.

All losses of the Company are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is furnished.

No California risks have or will be taken.

Blanks and Pamphlets containing Charter, By-Laws, &c. may be found on application at the Office of the Company, or any of the Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, postage paid—to JAMES F JORDAN, Secretary.

June 12, 1850. 34-1y.

SEVERE GALE

A very severe Gale, attended with a higher rise of the tide than has occurred in Newbern for the last 35 years, came upon us on last Tuesday night and Wednesday last.

A fresh breeze from the Northeast nearly the whole of Tuesday, which increased towards night, and by nine or ten o'clock amounted to a gale, attended with a thick cloudy weather, and a gradual increase of the tide in the river, gave us pretty distinct warnings of an approaching storm of unusual severity. Very little if any rain fell until about half past ten on Tuesday night. It fell rather moderately at first, but by 12 o'clock the rain came down in torrents accompanied with a strong gale from the Northeast until about half past 12 o'clock on Wednesday. Between 12 and 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon the tide was at its height, and the wind came round to the South west. The wind still blew fresh, and the rain continued with little intermission until about noon on Thursday.—The wind prostrated a large number of shade trees in the town, and did some damage to buildings. But the most serious injury was effected by the tide. It rose rather gradually for some time, and did not give any very alarming intimations of the height which it finally reached until morning of Wednesday. Consequently although most of our business men, whose Stores, &c., were located on and near the Neuse and Trent Rivers, were prepared for a common tide, they did not make arrangements for the overflow that followed. The tide rose rapidly after daylight on Wednesday morning, and every exertion was made in the most exposed locations, on the rivers from Union Point west on the Trent, and South and West up the Neuse, to save such articles as were most exposed, but we regret to say with only partial success. In the Stores and Dwellings on and near the Wharves, the tide rose to the height of two, three and four feet. From the Wharves large quantities of Turpentine, Staves and Lumber were floated off a considerable portion of which was finally lost. In the Ware-houses and Stores, Salt and Groceries of different kinds were much injured. Messrs. John Blackwell, A. Justice and Whitford had each a Ware-house overturned, and torn to pieces. Mr. Blackwell's cooper-shop was very much damaged. Messrs. Blackwell, J. R. & A. Justice, A. T. Jerkins, Wm. P. Moore, and some others lost in all, about 10,000 bushels of Salt. Very little if any injury was sustained by the shipping in harbour. The principle loss is in naval Stores, Lumber, Shingles, Salt, Groceries &c., &c., and to the Stores, Ware-houses, &c., situated near the water. We hear the whole loss including expense of restoring articles to their owners &c., estimated from 20 to $25,000. The loss is however distributed in such a manner, as not seriously to embarrass or derange the business operation of any one individual sufferer. From Portsmouth we are glad to hear, that no material injury was done to the shippings, or other property. The injury to the Corn crop in this region for a number of miles at least North, South, East and West, is very serious. Our Wilmington, Raleigh and Richmond exchanges of a date later than the day of the storm, make no allusion to any Gale in those directions.

Newbernian.

EULOGY,

Deliveced at the Presbyterian Church, Raleigh, July 20th, 1850, by HENRY W. MILLER, Esq., *on the Life and services of Gen. Zachary Taylor.*

MY FELLOW CITIZENS:—Cold indeed must be the heart of him, who casting his thoughts back but a few days, can look unmoved upon the scene, which is passing before us, and dead the mind that could fail to learn from it the solemn and impressive lessons, it is so well calculated to impart!

Ten days ago, there came to us upon the wings of the lightning, the melancholy and unexpected intelligence, that the head of this mighty Nation, full of years and of honors, had been cut down in the midst of his usefulness and fame I say it came to us *upon the wings of the lightning.* How overwhelming to us all, was the literal reality! Though by the ordinary means, that intelligence should not have reached us until perhaps the funeral ceremonies, with all their solemn sadness were over, and dust unto dust had returned, yet as it was, we felt that we were in the presence of the corpse itself,—that we could reach forth, and touch the temple of that once proud spirit, that could feel its pulsations depart, and catch the last flickerings of that 'light of life' which had burnt so brightly! We felt here, at the distance of hundreds of miles from the spot where that body lay in state, with the flush of life hardly faded from its cheek, that we could see passing to and fro, the great and illustrious of the land, eager to catch a last glimpse at that face from which had flashed the eagle eye, and on which the shock of battle had so often fallen, with no other effect, than to spring into life all the energies of the soul that reigned within. We felt that we were in the presence of the dead! We saw the sable garments of the widow and the orphan. We witnessed the tear as it coursed down the manly cheek of those, who stood in wrapt awe and sorrow around that bier. We joined the immense throng of mourners, who went with sad hearts to the solemn resting place, and we heard the booming of those minute guns which seemed like music to the flitting spirit, to remind it once more, and for the last time, as it departed from earth, of the distant fields of its glory!

Since that day, the grief, with which the heart of the nation throbbed with so much intensity, has been thrown out to every extreme and back again has each pulsation been returned, to remind us, that in those extremes, every ennobling sensibility is alive to the Nation's loss. The mysterious voice of the telegraph—like that of the spirit departed—whispering its own flight—the Press with its thousand tongues, speaking from amidst its garbs of mourning, the Pulpit, with its sacred and admonitory voice, the muffled drum, the Church bell with its solemn toll, the deep toned cannon, sending forth its loud lamentations upon the land and over the sea, have *all* borne testimony to the scenes, which have been passing in our country, and give assurance that *we* are not here in vain, to add our humble but sincere tribute of respect, to the memory of the departed patriot and hero.

Let us endeavor to make good this hour of meeting, and store away some gems of memory, which may cast ere we depart hence into the casket of a Nation's grief!

What then, has brought us together on this occasion? Why this assemblage of the aged and the young, the matron and the fair damsel, the rich and the poor, the high and the humble? Does the herald proclaim some success in arms upon the ensanguined battle-field, which demands for him who achieved it the splendor of a triumph? Has there been read to us the account of some trophy of genius which bespeaks our admiration and calls for the loud peans of our praise? Have we met, in imitation of the ancient world, to proclaim an apotheosis to a departed hero, whose laurels were stained with the blood of thousands, shed to gratify the unholy promptings of personal ambition? Have we come together to hear recited the drama of that heartless pomp and empty show, which surround and adorn the thrones of princes and emperors? No—thank Heaven! Our purpose, though sad, is higher—purer, holier. The noblest emotions of the heart have brought us together. We are here to add our voice of mourning to that which has gone up from every section of the Union, for the loss of one, who whilst living, gave to his Country the service of an honest, a devoted and patriotic heart, and dying; hath bequeathed to it, a character "without spot or blemish," and a fame, upon which the world will dwell, through succeeding ages, with admiration and delight

The great historian of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire, in referring to the reign of one of the Antonines, declared "that it was marked by the rare advantage of furnishing few materials for history, which is indeed, little more than the register of the crimes, the follies and the misfortune of mankind"

However true this dark picture may have been, when applied to the history of even the wisest and best of those who have been immortalized by the pen of Gibbon's genius, yet we can point with confidence and pride to the life of a Republican hero and President, as adding a brighter and purer page to history.

A rapid review of such a life must be at all times interesting, and it certainly cannot be otherwise than appropriate to this occasion.

ZACHARY TAYLOR, the twelfth President of the United States, was born in the County of Orange, Virginia, in the year 1784. When he was scarcely a year old, his father, *Richard Taylor* who was distinguished for his bravery, and patriotism during the Revolutionary struggle, removed with his family to the State of Kentucky. That part of our country had already acquired the appellation of the 'dark and bloody ground' from the many desperate conflicts which the brave and hardy pioneers had carried on with the Indians, to whose cruelty all were exposed, who were led by necessity or adventure, into those interminable forests. The means of education in our frontier Country being necessarily limited, the mind of the young student was directed to the practical and useful, rather than the ornamental branches of study. Even with such advantages of mental culture, what a brilliant list of statesmen and orators has the far West, but yesterday a wilderness, been able to send back to the halls of our National Legislature!

Although no incident of the youth of ZACHARY TAYLOR is recorded, illustrating precociousness of intellect, or giving promise of the high distinction to which in after life he attained, yet, he early developed those qualities of mind and heart, which are the best guaranties of success and usefulness. An ardent temperament, a manly independence, untiring energy, and firmness of purpose, coupled with a modest demeanor, characterized the youth, and constituted a broad and strong foundation, upon which was built that monument of fame, which promises to endure, so long as great deeds, generous impulses, and noble daring are admired and celebrated amongst men!

Inheriting the military ardour which the stirring scenes of the Revolution had cultivated in the breast of his father, he early exhibited an inclination for the arduous profession of a soldier. The capture of the Chesapeak served as ample notice, that all who valued the rich birth-right of our freedom, should prepare to avenge the Nation's wrongs. Animated by that lofty patriotism which the adventurous life of the forest had enlivened and invigorated, and which sent forth so many stout hearts to meet the veteran spirits of England, ZACHARY TAYLOR obtained a commission from President Jefferson, and entered the army in 1808, as a Lieutenant. The first four years of his service afforded but little opportunity, to test his youthful skill or valor. In the early part of 1812, for his services on the frontier under General Harrison he was promoted to a Captaincy. During the latter part of the same year he was summoned to face difficulties and dangers, well calculated to appal the stoutest heart.—On the 16th of June preceding, War had been declared against Great Britain, and no sooner had such declaration gone forth, than the savages on our borders, responding to the brutal call, which had been made upon them by the still more savage agents of our enemy, poured from their native forests with appetites whetted for cruelty, and armed with those implements of blood, which had become the terror of the white man. *Taylor* was then posted at Fort Harrison, on the Wabash, a spot then surrounded by a wilderness now the site of industry and civilization.—His force amounted to about forty men, many of whom were worn down by fatigue or disabled by sickness. On the night of the 4th of September this Fort thus defended by a handful of men, was surrounded by fifteen hundred warriors. That gallant band had no alternative left. They knew that to surrender, would be certain death, death with the most cruel tortures, death in its most hideous forms. To conquer or die, was the firm and unalterable resolve of every heart from the leader to the humblest soldier. And most nobly did they sustain that resolve!—They felt that the little stockade to which their own firm hearts were the walls of defence, constituted the only barrier which protected the white settlements in their rear. To break through that barrier was all that the Indians wanted, to open the way to plunder and indiscriminate slaughter. Terrible indeed was that conflict, rendered thrice more terrific by the darkness of the night, the war cry of the savage, and the shrieks of the affrighted women and children, who had sought protection, under the flag which waved from the top of those rude battlements. Not a heart of that band quailed. At last the fury of the savage yielded to the cool and intrepid courage of the white man, and their flight was succeeded by the shouts and congratulations of the victors.

With what ostentation and pride the historian records the daring of Napoleon at Lodi and Arcola, the dashing bravery of Murat on the plains of Austerlitz: and Eylau, the cool and indomitable courage of Wellington amidst the carnage and thunder of the battle field at Albuera and Waterloo, but can there be seen in all these, gorgeous and imposing as are the circumstances which surrounded them, any higher impulse, any more ennobling emotion, than directed the arm, and governed the heart of that youthful soldier, as he stood, unterrified in the conflict, upon those rude and tottering ramparts of the forest? No. They were *all* sparks, stricken from the immortal mind, they were all waves passing across the mighty soul of Being!

The manner in which Fort Harrison was defended, elicited from *Gen. Hopkins* the highest compliment. In his de-patch of the 27th November to *Gov. Shelby,* of Kentucky, he remarked; "the firm and almost unparalleled defence of Fort Harrison, by CAPT. TAYLOR, has raised for him a fabric of character, not to be increased by eulogy." For this exploit President Madison made him Major by Brevet, which was the first brevet rank conferred by that high functionary in the war of 1812. He continued to serve in that quarter with promptness and fidelity under the command of *Gen. Hopkins* until the close of the War. When that ended, no opportunity was presented for active operations until the breaking out of the Indian war, under the control and direction of the famous Chief, Black Hawk, supported by the cunning and incantations of the Prophet.

On the 2d of August, 1832, the battle of the Bad Axe was fought, which broke the power of those chiefs. For his conduct in this war, TAYLOR received the rank of Colonel in the first Regiment of Infantry.

In 1836 he was ordered by President Jackson to take command of the army in Florida operating against the Seminole Indians. On the 20th of December, 1837, he succeeded in bringing the fierce warriors of that tribe to a general engagement on Lake Okee-Chobee, and after a long and sanguinary conflict, drove them from their fastnesses, in which they had fought with desperate bravery.

This victory brought that long, expensive and bloody war virtually to a close, and restored in a great degree, confidence and security to the inhabitants of Florida. For his services in that engagement, Col. TAYLOR received the thanks of the public, and the highest commendations of his superiors. It was declared by a person of high military distinction to be "one of the best fought actions known to our history." As a further compliment to his merits and reward for his efficient services, he was promoted to the rank of Brevet Brigadier General.

The Seminole war being ended, there was no call for the active serivce of GEN. TAYLOR until the year 1845, during which interval of time, our country had passed through a number of heated political struggles and amidst them all exhibited, to the admiration of the world, a progress to wealth and greatness, unparalleled in history.

The battle of San Jacinto had been fought and won, which decided the fate of Texan Independence, and the political contest in reference to the admission of that infant Republic, as a member of this confederacy, having resulted successfully, he stood amongst the throng of sisters an equal and a rival.—Threats of invasion from Mexico, rendered it necessary that the Federal Government should throw around her southern frontier, the protection of its military arm. Under the orders of his Government, which he was ever prompt to obey, the 28th of March 1946 found GEN. TAYLOR encamped with an army of about two thousand six hundred men, on the eastern bank of the Rio Grande. Hardly a month had passed, before information reached him that upon his refusal to break up his camp and retire beyond the Nueces, the Mexicans under *Ampudia* and *Arista* would attack him in great force. It became necessary to secure his military depot at Point Isabel from a threatened attack, and on the first of May he marched to its protection. The small but brave band which he had left at Fort Brown, was soon in

the most imminent peril. Assailed from the opposite bank of the River, with an incessant and galling fire, they found that an immense force of the enemy had been thrown in between them and the main body of our army. Information of their perilous situation and the position of the enemy, having reached GEN. TAYLOR, he left Point Isabel on the morning of the 7th of May to give them battle and and relieve his gallant comrades. And here let us pause for a moment, and contemplate the moral sublimity of the spectacle then exhibited! We all remember as if it were but yesterday, the deep gloom and breathless anxiety which the news of this condition of our glorious little army spread throughout the whole country. It seemed as if the general pulse of the nation stood still! With many, no ray of hope was to be seen. Terror and alarm were depicted on the countenances of most. Some who knew well the qualities of that soul in which the hopes of that gallant army were concentrated, saw a bright bow of deliverance spanning the arch of the heavens. In the last words which he despatched to Government, at the moment of that eventful march, they saw the spirit of a hero, of whom Greece and Rome in their palmiest days might well have been proud! "*Tell my Government, I shall fight the enemy in whatsoever force they oppose my march.*" Fort Brown shall be rescued or I *die* in the attempt! Look over the proudest eras of the past—call to mind the deeds of those who have inscribed their names high in the temple of fame,—dwell with all the wrapt admiration of the enthusiast, upon the loftiest expressions of statesmen and heroes, in the moment of distress or peril, and where—where can you find aught which surpasses this in moral sublimity,—in greatness of soul,—in all that gives assurance of "that Divinity that stirs within us?"

Nor was it the language of vanity or empty bravado! It was the promise of one who had never deserted a friend, made to comrades in difficulties and dangers. It was the word of a patriot given to twenty odd millions of People, that the glory of their arms, whilst in his keeping, should never be tarnished. It was pledge made to the whole civilized world, to posterity through all coming generations,—that one more bright and immortal page should be added to the history of man! And most faithfully did he keep that promise,—most nobly did he redeem that pledge! He kept that promise on the plains of Palo Alto, and Resaca. On those bloody fields of mortal strife,—in the terror and carnage of battle he redeemed that pledge!

The sun of the 9th of May went down upon his standard twice victorious, and the shout of joy which came up from the banks of the Rio Grande, was but the faint beginning of that mighty note of exultation and rejoicing which issued from every hill top, and reechoed through every valley of the Republic!

It is needless to dwell upon the stirring events which immediately followed these victories. They are fresh in the recollection of all. They spoke a language which none could misunderstand War in all its reality was upon us, demanding the nation's energies, and calling to the distant scene of strife the stout hearts of our People. They responded with an alacrity of which we may well be proud!

So soon as GEN. TAYLOR was furnished the necessary supplies and re-inforcements, he advanced into the enemy's country, and the morning of the 19th of September, found him encamped before the city of Monterey, with a force of about six thousand men, composed partly of volunteers. The place was known to be one of the most strongly fortified by nature on the Continent. Surrounded on three sides by lofty mountains, an open valley spread out on the other. At no point could it have been approached, without encountering dreadful odds. From every point a fortress looked out. Redoubts and massive walls environed the city, whilst within, every street was barricadoed, and every residence was made a citadel. Ten thousand regular soldiers garrisoned the place, aided by upwards of three thousand volunteers.

On the morning of the 20th the seige was opened, and for three days was it maintained with the most appalling slaughter, to beseiged and beseigers.

On the 24th the enemy capitulated and the City was surrendered to our arms. By some the policy of this capitulation was questioned. But when the facts were made known, when the condition of our army,—scantily supplied with provisions,—without heavy ordinance,—far into the heart of a hostile country,—with difficult means of procuring re-enforcements, was considered, the conviction became almost unanimous, that the decision of the commander was characterized by the highest wisdom and the most consummate skill and prudence. There was moreover another reason which had its full weight upon the mind of the hero, illustrating that the truly brave are ever generous and humane. In a despatch to the War department, giving the reasons for the capitulation, he said. "THE CONSIDERATION OF HUMANITY WAS PRESENT IN MY MIND." This declaration is the highest eulogy upon his character! It will remain a monument to his fame in the estimation of the good of every age and country even should the glory of his victories be forgotten! It is a sentiment upon which angels might dwell with delight. In the heat of the carnage and roar of battle—in the midst of the groans of the dying soldiers which rent the air, and called for vengeance—in the full flush of victory—elated by past successes,—he could pause in his career to remember the helpless women and children, who were innocent of the blood that was flowing! Noble,—noble sentiment—exalted virtue! This alone is sufficient to immortalize thy name, this alone will give at least *one* undying page to the history of thy country's arms. In future ages, when the cold forgetfulness of men shall have ceased to appreciate thy brilliant deeds—the matron and the maiden,—tottering age and helpless infancy, will gather around thy tomb, and consecrate to thy memory the tears of gratitude and love!

—"What thou did'st—thou did'st in *honor*,
Led by the impartial conduct of thy soul."

About the middle of November, succeeding the capture of Monterey, an expedition against Vera Cruz was resolved upon by the Government, that a new line of operations against the enemy might be opened. The command of this expedition was assigned to that distinguished military captain, WINFIELD SCOTT. Information was soon sent to Gen. TAYLOR, that he would be expected to give up "most of the gallant officers and men, whom he had so long, and so nobly commanded." Without hesitation he obeyed the call, parting under circumstances the most trying, but without a murmur, from the flower of his army. This rendered his position a perilous one, and made it next to impossible for him to maintain the extreme of his position and keep open his line of operations on the Rio Grande, if attacked by a large force. The wily leader of the Mexicans, ever active, was not unobservant of the movement and condition of our army, and summoning all his energies and resources, resolved upon the destruction of TAYLOR'S command. With this object in view flushed with anticipations of complete success, he broke up his camp at San Louis Potosi, and marched upon Saltillo with an army of upwards of twenty thousand men. A knowledge of these movements having reached GEN. TAYLOR, he took his position at Buena Vista, resolved to give them battle.

This was the condition of things when the news of the advance of *Santa Anna* reached the United States. It sped with electric rapidity throughout the nation. Every heart throbbed with apprehension. "Fight on brave men, and falter not, through dark fortune and through bright," seemed to gush forth irresistibly from every tongue. You remember well the breathless anxiety that prevailed. Long however before that anxiety and suspense had even begun with us, the fate of that great battle field had been decided. On the morning of the 22nd of February, the approach of the embattled hosts of *Santa Anna* was announced. On that day, consecrated, throughout the republic, to the memory of the immortal WASHINGTON, began that dreadful and unequal conflict.—The remembrance of the virtues of that great man must have added new vigor to every arm and infused fresh courage into every bosom in that little army. They felt that the eyes of their Countrymen were looking down upon them—that the same great spirit which led those Countrymen to independence and freedom, was cheering them on!

One to five they stood upon that field! The sun went down, and darkness followed, but the fate of that dread conflict, was not yet determined. Morning came to witness a renewal of the scenes, with yet more desperate resolution, which the preceding night had closed. The impetuous charge the successful repulse—the clash of the glittering sabres—the sharp volley of the musketry—the deep roar of the artillery, sweeping before the serried ranks of the enemy, like drifted snow before the wind—made up the awful realities of that day! Once more did night come to give rest to the combatants, and when morning broke again, GEN. TAYLOR and his intrepid army were victors upon that field!

But they were not *all* there!—The shock had thinned their ranks, had prostrated many a noble heart, and closed in death many a bright eye. HARDIN, MCKEE, CLAY, YELL, PORTER, LINCOLN—where were *they*? In vain you look through those victorious ranks for their manly forms! They had indeed sunk to rest upon the field of their glory. Their blood had enriched the spot which would be pointed to through all future time, as one of the most enduring monuments of their Country's military prowess, and their spirits had gone before to that eternal resting place, where now alas! too soon, for those who remain, their beloved Commander has been called to join them again, forever!

History cannot furnish the record of a battle, in which were displayed more skill, higher courage, and brighter examples of firmness and daring, than that which was fought on the field of Buena Vista.

When it is admitted that *all* did their duty nobly, it can hardly be regarded as invidious, or inappropriate, to express our gratification and pride, that our own State had in the brilliant exploits of those two eventful days, gallant representatives—sons worthy of her honor. Long may they live, to wear the laurels they have so proudly won, and, in imitation of their illustrious leader, to add new lustre to our national renown, and like him, bequeath to their Country,

——"More than rubies
In the riches of their fame!"

But the main spring—the life—the very soul of that great battle was he, whose memory we are honoring, and whose loss we lament. He it was, who moved, as if by the wand of a magician every heart in that devoted band to deeds of uncommon daring. He was to them as the sun to the planets. He gave them their motion—infused into them the light of hope—inspired them with a never-failing courage. The unbounded confidence which his soldiers had in him, enabled him to knit together their resolution and energies, and carry them forward as one man. He stood amidst that storm of battle, whilst its destructive elements raged around him, as firm and immovable, as the granite hills that looked down upon the terrific scene!

With that great victory ended his military exploits. There awaited him on his return to his country, the highest testimonials of a Nation's honor and gratitude. Age, youth, beauty, all conditions in life from the highest to the humblest, delighted to do *him* honor. The sequel is known to us all. The strong hold which he had upon the affections of his countrymen elevated him to the most important office in their gift. With an honest heart and patriotic purpose, he assumed the duties of that station, exalted enough to gratify the most towering ambition. Ever feeling a lively gratitude for the honors paid him,—deeply impressed with the responsibilities of his high position, he faced the embarrassments and difficulties that surrounded him, as calmly and composedly as he did the terrors of battle. He had no ambition but to serve his country, and recognized no passport to honor but a strict and fearless performance of his duty.

In his ardent devotion to the Constitution and Union, there was nothing selfish, nothing sectional. He looked far beyond personal advantages and local prejudices, and regarding them as high trusts, confided to our keeping, for the benefit of posterity, and an example to the world, he felt an acknowledged the obligations, we are all under, to protect and defend to the last, those great blessings, purchased with so much treasure and blood. In defence of that Constitution, and that Union, he would have faced danger with alacrity and met death without a murmer!

In the midst of his usefulness, clothed with the highest honors of a grateful nation,—with a fame bounded only by the limits of his Country's renown, the attached of his friends, the hope of the patriot, the pride of the soldier—disease came, death followed quickly on its heels, and all that was mortal of him who stood upon the loftiest summit of human greatness, now sleeps in the silent tomb!

Yes, unto its kindred dust, has been returned all that was *mortal*, but the bright examples of his virtues will linger here through all time! The soil of Louisiana may claim as a sacred deposit, the ashes of the illustrious dead, but the nation, the *whole* nation,—the world, the *whole* world, have his fame, and so long as the mighty Mississippi rolls by his silent resting place its majestic current, so long will his name stand, a beacon light to his country!

"Manly and most devoted was the love,
With which for her unwearied he strove—
No selfish lust of power,—not e'en of fame,
Gave ardour to that pure and generous flame!"

There were combined in his character to a remarkable degree and in beautiful symmetry, all those virtues which command our admiration, whilst they call forth our love. He was a great a *very* great General,—a pure and incorruptible patriot, a just, honest, benevolent, good man. He was *great* not because all around him were *small*, for he was the architect of his own fortunes and fame, and in all the essentials of true greatness he would have been, what he *was*, in *any* age and in *any* Country.

It has been beautifully and truly said "that no lasting renown—a renown that alone deserves the aspirations of a rational, immortal being, can ever be built upon any foundations, save those *which are laid in an honest heart and a firm purpose, both conspiring to work out the good of mankind.*" Such renown will be as imperishable as it is pure. Such will be the renown of ZACHARY TAYLOR!

During that solemn but sublime scene which was exhibited a few days since, in the great Council Chamber of the Nation, when the accursed influences and prejudices of Party were expelled, at least for a moment, to give place to the purer and holier emotions, his distinguished and patriotic rival, in the last contest for the Presidency, said of him: "*The integrity of his motives was neither assailed nor assailable. He passed through life, and a long and active one, neither meriting nor meeting reproach!*" A sentiment betokening in him who uttered it, a moral beauty of character, resembling that, whose virtues he so eloquently delineated, and whose loss he so feelingly deplored!

And how characteristic were the dying words of the hero! "*I am ready for the summons. I have tried to do my duty to my country!*" The resignation of the christian, the anxiety of the patriot! Yes, illustrious man!—That thou didst thy duty faithfully and fearlessly whilst here, there went before thee to the land of spirits, a score of witnesses. Thy brave companions who fell at Palo Alto—at Resaca—at Monterey—at Buena Vista—will be thy witnesses. But they have not all left us. There linger still upon this scene of action a cloud of witnesses.—The whole country is full of proof!—Every heart that throbs is a witness!

"But chiefly to the soldier's breast
A thought of thee will kindling come,"

And many a gallant heart that stood by thy side in the storm of battle, and saw thy bright eye flash with confidence and and courage, will guard thy fame, and bear testimony that all the ends thou aim'dst at were thy Country's!

My fellow-citizenc: His career is ended—his fame is secure! He has taken his allotted place by the side of *Washington*, of *Jackson*, of *Harrison* and other great names, that have gone before him. Our task is hardly begun—our duty is not half completed. We have a country to serve. We have the invaluable privileges which those distinguished patriots left us, to preserve, to strengthen, to perpetuate.

And what does this sad, this awful bereavement teach us? What solemn admonition does it give? THAT WE ARE IN THE PRESENCE OF JEHOVAH!—That He and He alone, is the Ruler of this great People—that He and He alone holds, as in the hollow of his hand, the destinies of this Union—that as He has snatched away in the twinkling of an eye, the head of this proud nation, so too is He able to dash that nation itself, with all its boasted power to pieces, and scatter its glories to the winds!

And shall we neglect as a nation, to heed this warning? Shall we suffer the mad schemes of passion and of party, to drive us onward to ruin and disgrace? Will not the fiery spirit of FANATICISM—from whatsoever quarter it may come—stay its sacrilegious hand in the presence of this demonstration of the King of Kings? Whilst He is writing his sentence across the Heavens, and proclaiming to the nations of the earth, that the mighty as well as the humble are His—His to *make* and His to *destroy*—will the Demons of Discord and Disunion lift their hideous and accursed fronts, in the very heart of this political Eden which has been planted for man? If they do, then let them, like their kindred spirits of old, who preferred to rule in Hell, than serve in Heaven, be 'hurled headlong'—

——"Down
To bottomless perdition, there to dwell
In adamantine chains and penal fires!"

A black cloud, filled with dangers, has been hanging over our Union. We could not if we desired—we *dare* not—shut our eyes to the thick darkness which has been gathering around, or close our ears to the portentous mutterings of the threatened storm. What is to be the issue of it, no human foresight can tell! Whether it is to burst with all its fury, or pass away to be succeeded by a serene and bright sky, is in the hand of him, whose goodness we have despised, and whose awful vengeance we have invited!

Let us not be deceived. The friends of our free institutions—of our great and glorious Constitution and Union, may sleep on, under the fancied security of their resting upon foundations too deep and strong to be broken up and destroyed, but their enemies are ever vigilant, ever active. It is time to wake up from such an ignoble, cowardly slumber. At this crisis, it behooves every man to face the impending dangers, with a calm, firm, patriotic and unconquerable heart!

When before did the Halls of our National Legislature exhibit such a spectacle? When before were the ordinary and pressing duties and puposes of legislation, driven for seven long months of deep anxiety and alarm to the People, from those Halls, to give place to all the angry ebullitions of partizan rancor and sectional animosity? When before were those Halls, dedicated by our fathers to civil freedom and notional honor, converted into the heated furnaces of passion and fanaticism emitting daily, and scattering through the land, the fire brands of discord and civil strife?

What lessons could the history of the past teach us! But alas! Party—the poisonous rancour of its fell spirit, blinds our eyes, and "the light that experience gives is but a lantern on the stern, shining on the waves behind!"

The fate of those Republics which are gone, which reached the loftiest height of national grandeur, but to be blinded by vanity and arrogance, and sink to weakness and degradation, is before us. They admonish us through the melancholy record of their downfall—through the sad and heart rending entreaties of those, of all ages and conditions, who fell the victims of civil commotion, to beware—to shrink back, ere it be too late, from the direful consequences of the madness of Party!

Yes, the suffering and oppressed of every country under the sun, appeal to us,—the spirits around the grave of dismembered and down-trodden Poland, appeal to us—the brave and expatriated patriots of Ireland and Hungary, appeal to us—the spirits of the mighty dead of our own land, appeal to us—the soul of the illustrious hero and patriot, whom we now honor, lingering around the sacred temple of freedom, appeals to us—unborn millions, seen through the long vista of the future, appeal to us—the angelic voices of the mothers and fair daughters of our land, coming to us with all their lovely pathos, implore us, *to save this Republic—to preserve and perpetuate the glorious Union of these States—to shield our land from the horrors of fraternal strife and bloodshed!*

If we disregard these admonitions, if we turn a deaf ear to these appeals—if we forget the high and holy obligations that are resting upon us, and rush madly on to *National dissolution and ruin*, we shall exhibit the *hearts* and deserve the *doom* of *recreants and traitors!*

May the God of our fathers throw his protecting arm around our Country—save us from our own folly and madness, and enable us to draw from the sad scenes that have been passing around us, and from the example of him we mourn, renewed aspirations to individual patriotism and National virtue! Then indeed shall we be able to exclaim, with truth, whilst contemplating the character of ZACHARY TAYLOR. "Twice fortunate man! Fortunate not only in celebrity of his life, but in the glorious opportunity of death!"

THE TELEGRAPH.

SUN RISES, 5h. 12m. SUN SETS 6h. 48m

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1850.

☞ We give below such returns from the late Election, as we have received. Enough to satisfy us that D. S. Reid, the *WILMOT PROVISOIST* is elected Governor of the State—that the Black Flag of Abolitionism waves in triumph over North Carolina.

GALLANT LITTLE GREENE.

Amid the storm of Locofocoism that has swept over us, we turn to gallant little Greene, as the brightest star that shines out upon the darkness. Little Greene is the Banner County of the East. Long may her good citizens live to uphold her unrivalled purity. Three times three cheers for Greene!

Lenoir too has done nobly. She has made a heavy gain for Lewis C. Desmond, in the Commons, but not quite sufficient to elect him. She made a considerable gain for Manly. Lenoir, the home of the lamented Caswell, did nobly. Three cheers for Lenoir!

Old *Craven*, the land of the Hon. John Stanly, and the Hon. Wm Gaston, has covered herself with glory; and when the Hon. W. H. Washington is brought out in 1852, she will beat the mountain thunder two to one.

Wayne.—A few of the gallant spirits of Wayne were at their post. But some were bullied off by "Locofoco certificates," concerning the "White Basis." We expected better things of Wayne. We thought they knew what estimate to place on the assertions of the *putrid sheet* through which the *renegade Billy Holden lies weekly.* But those whom we considered respectable men, and members of the Church, screwed themselves up to the sticking point, and *swore* that all the charges against Gov. Manly were true.

Johnston.—We sympathise with the patriotic Whigs of Johnston. We know they worked faithfully, and then for so many of their co-laborers to stay at home, is truly mortifying. The Whigs of Johnston could have elected their ticket, if *all* had labored as some few did.

ELECTION RETURNS.

WAYNE COUNTY.

	1850.		1848.	
	Manly.	Reid.	Manly.	Reid.
Waynesboro',	39	115	34	87
Stony Creek,	7	59	2	61
Saulston,	3	117	7	121
Fork,	16	61	25	91
Boswell's,	29	81	26	72
Nahunta,	10	107	23	116
Black Creek,	8	138	4	138
Davis',	5	86	10	72
New Hope,	6	93	3	93
IndianSprings,	11	122	23	128
Buck Swamp,	37	63	39	66
Cross Roads,	50	49	68	48
	221	1091	264	1093

In the Senate, John Exum is re-elected without opposition. Brogden and Sherard have been re-elected to the Commons—all locofocos. The vote stood, for Sherard, 662, Brogden, 656, Hollowell, 566. Ollin Coor received 986 votes for Sheriff—no opposition.

GREENE COUNTY

Has Done Nobly!

Dr. B. F. Williams, Whig, is elected to the Commons over B. Reaves, locofoco. Whig gain. The vote stood for Williams 339, Reaves 330.

Manly received 317, Reid, 342. Gain for Manly 83.

GREENE AND LENOIR.

Edward Speight, loco, reelected in this Senatorial District, without opposition.

PITT COUNTY.

Extract from a letter to the Editor, dated

GREENEVILLE, Aug. 1.

Blow, Whig, and Dickinson, loco, elected to the Commons. Whig loss.—Eborn, Whig, is re-elected to the Senate, without opposition Manly will exceed his majority two years ago, by fifty. Albritton, Whig, re-elected Sheriff, without opposition. Yours, &c.

JOHNSTON COUNTY.

The Democrats have gained the day all owing to the supineness of the Whigs; a strenuous effort on their part would have secured the Commoners. In the Senate W. H. Watson received 471, and J. T. Leach, 339. Commons, L. B. Sanders, 769, Jas. Tomlinson, 815—T. T. Grice, 680, Willis H. Sanders, 640. Governor—Manly, 638, Reid 849. Gain for Reid 117. Hinnant elected Sheriff.

WAKE COUNTY.

The entire Democratic ticket elected. High (D.) beats Rogers, (W.) for Sh'ff. Reported gain for Manly in Wake and Chatham, as far as heard from.

CRAVEN COUNTY.

W. H. Washington, elected in the Senate. A. T. Jerkins, (W.) and G. S. Stevenson, (D) to the Commons. Chadwick elected Sheriff.

LENOIR COUNTY.

Sutton (D) has beaten Desmond (W) 61 votes. For Gov.—Manly, 257, Reid, 477. Clear Whig gain of 39 votes.—King is elected Sheriff over Fields by 160 votes.

HALIFAX COUNTY.

For the Senate, Joyner, (W) 226, Whitaker (L) 182. Commons—Clannon and Pope elected over Smith and Parker, all Whigs. Vote—Clanton 527, Pope 532, Smith 515, Parker 449. For Governor, Manly 485, Reid 536. Reid gain of 145.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Rogers (L) is elected in the Senate, and Person (L) and Barnes (W) in the Commons. No change. Richard Gardner elected Sheriff. Reid's majority 26.

NEW HANOVER.

Manly 278, Reid 1186. Nixon, Senate, Hill and Powers, Commons, elected without opposition. Fennell elected Sheriff.

CUMBERLAND.

Manly 602, Reid 1310. Cameron elected to the Senate. Pegram and Dobbin, in the Commons. Johnson elected Sheriff.

SAMPSON.

Manly 507, Reid 853. Dr. Bunting elected to Senate. Boykin and Herring for Commons. Underwood, (W.) elected Sheriff.

ROBESON.

Wm. McNeill and Neill McNeill, (D.) elected to Commons.

BRUNSWICK.

Cromartie, W., Senate, 210, Wooten D. 141. Hill, W. Commons, 305; Rutland, D. 175, Hall, Independent, 83.

GUILFORD.

John A. Gilmer elected to the Senate without opposition. D. F. Caldwell, C. H. Wiley and Peter Adams, elected to the House of Commons.

LEGISLATURE.

Whig gains.—In Greene, Gates, Columbus, Granville, Rowan, and Davie, 1 Commoner each.—6.

Locofoco gains—In Granville, 1 Senator. In Pitt, Orange, Chatham, Davidson, Chowan, Perquimons and Washington, 1 Commoner each. In Stokes 2 Commoners—10.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun]

PITTSBURG, August 5.

The cholera seems to be on the increase. There were 30 interments yesterday from all diseases.

PHILADELPHIA, August 5.

The Hon. Henry Clay arrived here in the boat at 7 o'clock this evening. He was quietly taken in a carriage to the American Hotel. After being there a few minutes, a large crowd of friends assembled in front of the hotel and called him out. He appeared and made a few brief remarks, thanking them for the compliment.

He said he felt too much fatigued to say much and must therefore be excused from making a speech. He remarked that he had always found most firm and ardent friends in the beautiful city of Philadelphia and that he should cherish their kind remembrances, so long as he had the power of memory. After thanking them for their courtesies he bowed and retired, amid deafening cheers.

COMMODORE JACOB JONES.—This distinguished and aged officer, long an ornament of the navy and one of the most gallant relics of the war of 1812, is lying dangerously ill at his house in Philadephia, and little or no hope is entertained of his recovery.

MASSACHUSETTS CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.—The Governor has ordered elections to take place in the first, second and forth Congressional districts of Massachusetts, on Monday, the 19th of August.

ENGAGEMENTS.—*We* understand that every body in town is married or "*engaged*" to be! This '*are*' a great town—*for news!*

STATE ELECTION.

Counties.	1848. Manly.	Reid.	1850. Manly.	Reid.
Anson,	1049	400	1043	502
Ashe,	551	782	000	000
Alexander,	334	201	000	000
Burke,	616	214	000	000
Bertie,	524	370	526	431
Bladen,	281	516	311	561
Beaufort,	857	512	814	583
Buncombe,	928	645	000	000
Brunswick.	301	194	306	260
Cumberland,	578	1023	602	1310
Cabarrus,	743	377	000	000
Catawba,*	000	000	000	000
Cherokee,	582	217	000	000
Chowan,	293	228	38m.	000
Craven,	742	730	607	541
Currituck,	177	583	000	000
Caswell,	263	1081	363	1144
Camden,	490	83	000	000
Carteret,	407	363	000	000
Chatham,	935	781	1149	896
Cleaveland,	421	727	000	000
Columbus,	174	440	165	454
Caldwell,	589	138	000	000
Duplin,	226	921	226	1035
Davidson,	1096	669	1159	699
Davie,	542	391	577	413
Edgecomb,	104	1496	88	1481
Franklin,	319	673	311	694
Gates,	371	390	000	000
Greene,	207	315	317	342
Guilford,	1567	442	1772	526
Gaston,	000	000	000	000
Granville,	1016	946	984	974
Hertford,	330	173	000	000
Halifax,	601	507	485	536
Hyde,	469	268	000	000
Haywood,	412	430	000	000
Henderson,	656	227	000	000
Iredell,	1042	257	000	000
Johnston,	720	814	638	849
Jones,	215	181	000	000
Lincoln,	832	1877	000	m.1262
Lenoir,	196	455	255	477
Mecklenburg,	668	1068	000	0000
Macon,	451	352	000	000
Martin,	339	557	000	m.300
Montgomery,	609	86	640	165
Moore,	544	556	670	579
McDowell,	683	152	000	000
N. Hanover,	275	1015	278	1187
Nash,	106	887	000	000
Northampton	512	500	489	523
Orange,	1714	1726	0000	0000
Onslow,	176	663	000	000
Polk,	228	128	000	000
Pasquotank,	471	176	180m.	000
Pitt,	589	571	000	000
Person,	360	578	000	000
Perquimons,	366	265	342	291
Rutherford,	1037	311	000	009
Robeson,	581	623	562	626
Richmond,	515	68	680	141
Randolph,	1199	313	000	000
Rockingham,	340	968	337	1107
Rowan,	827	696	000	000
Surry,	1090	1226	0000	0000
Stokes,	1003	1223	1066	1452
Sampson,	530	692	597	853
Stanly,	746	26	834	66
Tyrrell,	336	106	000	000
Union,†	000	000	000	000
Wilkes,	1299	309	0000	000
Washington,	358	182	000	000
Wake,	991	1293	979	1450
Warren,	172	630	183	689
Wayne,	264	1097	221	1091
Yancy,	357	664	000	000
	42,360	41,486		
	41,486			
	874			

* Vote counted with Lincoln.
† Vote counted with Anson.

WORK FOR THE NEXT SUPERIOR COURT.—It is said that the increase of nearly 100 Locofoco votes at the Averasborough precinct, in this county, was owing to the workmen on the river and turpentine getters, having voted there—many of them, we learn, having no actual residence in this county, but being only temporarily here, whilst there families (where they have families,) are in other counties. As the law is well settled on this point, and as the Judges of the Superior Courts have recently been careful to charge the Grand Juries on the subject of violations of this important right, we expect to see all those indicted against whom the requisite evidence can be had. Among the many complaints which we hear, is another, that a man who had been publicly whipped at the whipping post in this town, was allowed to vote the Locofoco ticket. We hope this, also, will be inquired into.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

The Appropriation Bills in Congress.—The Philadelphia Ledger says that the reason Congress is in no hurry to pass the appropriation bills is that their own pay is not yet involved.—There is an unexpended balance sufficient for the pay of Congress for one or two months. The sailors' wives, who are waiting for their half pay, will have to wait, probably, till the patriotic pockets of the members are in danger, then a bill will be rushed through in haste.

"Did thee receive the romittance, Nathaniel, my dear son!"

"Yes, father."

"Then why did thee not buy a new coat? Thy person is rather fragile."

"Why—the fact is; that—I left my money—in a bank at New Orleans."

"Ah, thy economy is certainly commendable. In what bank?"

"I don't exactly remember what bank, father—I know it was a very good one, as it had a Scripture name. It was—um! let me see, it was *Pharaoh Bank*, I think."

There is an old lady in the up town range, so nice about every thing, that she puts her pigs tails up in brown paper to make them curl well.

For the Telegraph.

Mr. Alston—I noticed in the Telegraph of the 18th of April last, a communication over the signature of "Fideliter," relative to our present system of Courts, suggesting the propriety of abolishing our Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, and establishing three Superior Courts in each County in this State. Since reading that communication, I have conversed with several intelligent gentlemen, all of whom express themselves highly in favor of the proposed change; and notwithstanding it is a subject which has been but little discussed, I believe the people generally in this section of country are in favor of it; and I further believe that a large majority of the people in North Carolina would be in favor of it if properly brought to their notice, and in my estimation a subject of so much importance is surely worth their attention. I have always understood the object of legislation to be the general good of the people, by passing good and wholesome laws, to reform abuses, and retrench the expenses of the government, or in other words reduce the expenses of the people. Then under this consideration, I know of no subject that might more properly claim the attention of our next Legislature or one which would be of more interest to the people of North Carolina, than the proposed change in our present system of Courts; for it is quite evident, if the Courts as now held in each county, were reduced to three Superior Courts, that the expenses of the people would be reduced, much trouble saved, and justice more certain, and more speedily obtained.

There has been much said relative to the subject of "Free Suffrage," which is claimed as one of the rights of a free people; but it is not attended with unnecessary trouble or expense to be debarred from the privilege of voting for Senators. Consequently, if it is a grievance to be complained of, (in my humble judgment) it is not equal to that of the trouble and expense of our County Courts, which I conceive to be a grievance of much greater magnitude.

Yours, &c. VERITAS.

For the Telegraph.

Mr. Editor—I have long believed that few things were more needed to promote the welfare of our country, than that we should manufacture our own goods; and I have had this opinion confirmed by spending a day at the new town of Lowell, in Johnston county. It being on the ever memorable 4th of July, the factory was not in operation; the inhabitants of the town having joined together for the purpose of giving a dinner to those who might favor them with their company. A very large number of the neighboring inhabitants assembled to partake of the bounty of their friends, which was well served up, and the justice which those of us that were visitors did the good things, was sufficient evidence that we appreciated the exertions of our friends. At the conclusion of the dinner, the Declaration of Independence was read. Major Thos. F. Christman then made some very appropriate remarks, at the conclusion of which, the following resolution was presented, and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, we believe the practice of candidates treating at musters and elections, to be a great evil; Therefore

Resolved, That we recommend to those who may offer themselves as candidates for any public office, that they refrain from furnishing Spirituous Liquors to the people, or of allowing others to furnish it at their expense during their electioneering campaign.

After which, the company separated, highly pleased with the manner in which they had spent the day.

Yours, &c. SPECTATOR.

For the Telegraph.

Mr. Alston—It may not be uninteresting to you and the readers of the Telegraph to know something in relation to Johnston County Democracy. You are already aware of its triumph over justice and truth; yet, I think that no reason why it should not be exposed. The writer of this was at the Election at Boon Hill precinct, and witnessed some of their proceedings—and really they were disgusting. I will endeavor to sketch the days' work at that place, as a genuine model of Johnston Democracy. About 9 o'clock, A. M., the "enlightened freemen" of that District began to collect from every quarter, and among them a sufficient number of Whiskey carts. The polite and *gentlemanly* proprietors of those moving rummeries, soon made the requisite arrangements for dealing out the poison. They then began to call out at the top of their voices, "O yes, O yes, come up and take some good dimmacrat licker, on Jim Tomkins' and Linn Sanders' expenses; fust rate good old dimmacrat licker; the d——d Whigs are too stingy and poor to treat their friends."—This or something similar, (only mixed with more oaths) I have no doubt was repeated more than fifty times on last Thursday. I would add that a great many of them partook very freely of the "good dimmacrat licker." About 11 o'clock the voting commenced, and then commenced a scene which I hope never to witness again; especially in a *free* country. There were a number of the most *respectable* men in Johnston county, who took by the arm or hand the poor, ignorant, and drunken *freemen*, and carried them forward, and had them to deposite their vote for D. S Reid, 'the poor man's friend," and the county Locofoco candidates. These men who voted not to suit themselves, but their big friends, were so drunk, many of them, that they could not have told afterwards who they voted for; and yet this is *Democracy!* These men of influence, let me assure you, did not omit to tell the "dear people" how Governor Manly was in favor of changing the basis of representation, and of the gross injustice such a change would be to the people of Eastern Carolina. An extra Telegraph containing Gov. Manly's reply to that charge was produced, but they hooted at it, and replied that it was "some of Alston's work; did not believe Gov. Manly ever saw it, &c."

They then showed a Standard (ah! that was the thing, truth there) containing the certificate, signed by five as "respectable men as were in Rockingham County." It is needless to say that they had their own way. Their being men of wealth and *respectability*, makes it *impossible* for them to lie. Reid's Provisoism was "all some of Ned Stanly's make." The vote stood for *Reid* 110, for Manly 37.

A LOOKER ON.

For the Telegraph.

Impromptu on the death of Gen. Taylor.

'Tis believ'd that the souls in th' abodes of the blest
Are progressing still onward in glory;
And as vacancies open, we, here go to rest,
Nor unlikely at all is the story.

And, betimes, in the higher degrees it is thought
That a vacancy happens—the failure
Occurred—to fill which, in vain angel was sought,
So they called up old Zachary Taylor.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Turpentine.—Since Saturday morning last, about 1000 bbls Turpentine have arrived in Market, 700 of which were disposed of at $2,10 per bbl. for Yellow Dip, and $2,30 per bbl. for Virgin, being a decline of 5 cts. on the bbl. for Yellow, and 10 cts. on the bbl. for Virgin.

Rosin.—Some 150 bbls. Common Rosin, were disposed of at 95 cts. per bbl.

Spirits Turpentine.—No sales to report since our last.

Tar.— None in market.

Timber.—1 Raft short leaf Pine Timber, was sold at $3 per M.

Corn.—Scarce, and price good.

Bacon.—A fair supply at present, hams excepted.

Freights.—To N. Y. and Philadelphia, have risen; bbls. Naval Stores 33 cts.; bbls. Spirits Turpentine 50 cts.

Commercial.

NEWBERN MARKET.

NEWBERN, Aug. 5.

Turpentine—New or Virgin, $2,25 to $2,50; Yellow, $1,90 to $2 05; Scrape, $1,15 to $1,25.

Corn—$2,50 to $2,75.

Meal—70 to 80c.

Bacon—hog round—$7,50 to $8,00.

" Hams, 8½ to 9c.

Lard, 7 8c.

DIED,

At the residence of *Wm. Huggins*, in Trenton, on Sunday evening the 28th inst. Mr. William F. Franks, in the 33d year of his age. He leaves an affectionate wife and two sons, to mourn their loss. Though many hearts overflow with mournful tenderness excited by his early fate, we feel that nothing we can say is worthy of him; yet such a bright example should not be allowed to perish. His friends must experience an emotion of gratitude to that Almighty Power which sustained him, that he was enabled uniformly to maintain the ascendency over its frail and perishing tenement. He was one of those who lot appears to short-sighted mortals to have been peculiarly hard, but who, on that very account, may have been among the most favored of Him who, in a better world, so fully comforts those that "in their lifetime had evil things." He had been slowly sinking under disease for some years, and during many of his last months, was confined to his bed, gradually growing weaker and weaker. He said into the arms of death as if he had voluntarily determined to resign his life here, and enter upon his eternal state. Not a muscle moved by agony, nor a groan escaped him. God handed him tenderly through death's dark valley. The tears of many relatives and friends speak in language more eloquent than words, that his merits were duly appreciated. W. F. H.

MARTIN & CRONLY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C
A. MARTIN. M. CRONLY.
August, 1850. 41

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers having come to the determination of making a change in their present business, will sell their stock of **Hardware** and **Crockery** at Cost for Cash, until the first of October. Call and get bargains.
R. S. THOMPSON & CO.
Wilmington, Aug. 6. 41

Fresh Beat Rice.
10 Casks fresh beat and of an excellent quality, call and see for yourselves. For cash, at
GEO. H. KELLEY'S.
Wilmington, Aug. 3. 41

Fresh Flour.
25 Half bbls. of fresh Extra Canal, low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY'S.
Wilmington, Aug. 3. 41

DAVID S. WILLIS.
NEAR THE COURT HOUSE,
NEWBERN N. C.
HAS just returned from the North, with a New and general Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Hollow-ware, Cutlery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c.—which he offers to the citizens of Wayne, and adjoining Counties at prices which only need testing to prove satisfactory. Purchasers are respectfully invited to give him a call, and judge for themselves.
Newbern, Oct. 20th 1849.

NOTICE.
RANAWAY from the subscriber, about the last of July, JOHN OLIVER, an indented apprentice, aged about 17 years. All persons are hereby notified not to harbor or employ said apprentice, as I shall enforce the law against them. If brought back to me, a liberal reward will be given.
CALLIN STALLINGS,
Johnston Co., Aug. 7—41 3t Near Smithfield.

AUGUST LOTTERIES.
CONSOLIDATED LOTTERIES OF MARYLAND.
COLVIN & CO.
Agency N. W. Corner Baltimore & Calvert-sts.,
MUSEUM BUILDING, *Baltimore, Md.*
We have not space to enumerate in this advertisement the vast number of large prizes sold by the Maryland agency in July. Suffice it to say that our record and files prizes sold show the amazing amount of
$451,000
In Prizes Sold in July by Colvin & Co.
Amongst which we find

1 of $25,000	No. 28 64 74,	Sold to New York
1 of $30,000	No. 34 47 56,	Sold to Maryland.
1 of $20,000	No. 11 15 27,	Sold to Tennessee.
1 of $40,000	No. 7 40 59,	Sold to Alabama.
1 of $26,000	No. 31 44 65,	Sold to Louisiana.
1 of 2400	No. 26 41 52,	Sold to N. Carolina.

All sold in packages of tickets, to Corrospondent in different parts of the United States.

Splendid lotteries for August, 1850.

Date.	Capitals.	No. of Ballots	Tk'ts.	Pack. of Qrs	Price of
Aug. 1,	$20,000	73 Nos.	13 dr'n.	$5,	$17
" 2,	50,000	78 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5,	16
" 3 5 of	20,000	75 Nos.	12 dr'n,	10,	32
" 5,	25,000	78 Nos.	14 dr'n.	8,	27
" 6,	20,000	75 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5,	17
" 7,	35,000	75 Nos.	14 dr'n,	10,	32
" 8,	20,000	78 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5,	17
" 9,	20,000	75 Nos.	14 dr'd,	5,	17
" 10,	34,000	78 Nos.	18 dr'n,	10,	87½
" 12,	25,000	75 Nos.	12 dr'n,	8,	27
" 13,	24,000	78 Nos.	13 dr'n,	5,	17
" 14,	32,000	78 Nos.	15 dr'n,	10,	32
" 15,	20,000	75 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5,	17
" 16,	10,000	78 Nos.	13 dr'n,	2½,	9
" 17,	50,000	78 Nos.	12 dr'n,	15	55
" 19,	8,500	75 Nos.	15 dr'n,	2½	8
" 20,	5,000	78 Nos.	12 dr'n,	2	4
" 21,	33,000	75 Nos.	13 dr'n,	10,	32
" 22,	18,000	78 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5,	17
" 23,	8,000	75 Nos.	15 dr'n,	5½,	8
" 24,	40,000	75 Nos.	12 dr'n,	10,	32
" 26,	9,000	72 Nos.	13 dr'n,	2½,	8
" 27,	20,000	75 Nos.	12 dr'n,	5,	17
" 28,	5,000	75 Nos.	12 dr'n,	1,	4
" 29,	18,000	75 Nos.	14 dr'n,	5,	17
" 30,	15,000	78 Nos.	14 dr'n,	4,	14
" 31,	57,800	75 Nos.	24 dr'n,	20,	65

The above are far the most brilliant schemes ever offered. One order for a capital prize!

☞ Correspondents can transact business through the mails with this agency, as well as though personally present.

☞ Letters carefully directed and answered by return mail.

☞ Managers Official Drawings with statement of result, sent under close envelope to all who order tickets.

☞ Bank notes on all good banks in the country, or Prize tickets received in payment, at par, for tickets.

☞ Prizes cashed at sight. Bank drafts remitted to those holding prizes.

☞ All orders are carefully complied with. The most prompt attention always given to orders.

Please address COLVIN & CO.,
N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert sts.,
Museum Building, Baltimore, Md.

"I am a man, and deem nothing which relates to man foreign to my feelings."

READ!!
Youth & Manhood.
A VIGOROUS LIFE,
OR
Premature Death.
KINKELIN on Self Preservation.
ONLY 25 CENTS.
This Book, just published, is filled with useful information, on the infirmities and diseases of the Human System. It addresses itself alike to YOUTH, MANHOOD and OLD AGE.
To all who apprehend or suffer under the dire consequences of early or prolonged indiscretions—to all who feel the exhaustive effects of sedentary and baneful habits—to all who in addition to declining physical energy, are the victims of nervous and mental debility, and of moping and melancholy despondency, Dr. K. would say—
Read this Book.
The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives, will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually Thousands of Lives.
Parents by reading it, will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children.
☞ A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to DR. KINKELIN, PHILADELPHIA, will ensure a book, under envelope, per return of mail.
☞ Dr. K. fifteen years resident Physician, N. W. Corner of THIRD and UNION Street, between SPRUCE and PINE, Philadelphia, may be consulted confidentially.
He who places himself under the care of Dr. K., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.
☞ Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid,) and be cured at home.
PACKAGES of MEDICINES, DIRECTIONS, &c., forwarded, by sending a remittance, and put up secure from DAMAGE OR CURIOSITY.
☞ Booksellerr, News Agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low rates. 41 1y

Flour.

EXTRA Genessee, Hiram Smith Flour, just received, a fresh lot, for sale by
SAVAGE & MEARES.
Wilmington, Aug. 1. 41

Office W. & R. R. R. Co.
July 29, 1850.
PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the W. & R. R. R, Co., until the 15th of August, for the construction of a Car Shed at the Wilmington station.
Proposals will also be received for building a Brick Reservoir of the capacity of 300 Barrels, near the Company's Shops, the brick to be laid in Hydraulic cement. Plans of the shed, &c., may be seen at the Rail Road office.
ALEX. MACRAE, President.
Wilmington, August 1. 41

Crushed Sugar.
25 Barrels Coffee, Crushed Sugar, assorted qualities (good);
5 do. Crushed; Just received from the Manufactory, for sale by J. HATHAWAY & SON.
Wilmington, August 2. 41

LAND for SALE.
THE undersigned, desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his
Valuable Tract of Land,
lying on the North side of Mill Creek, adjoining the lands of Col. John Eason, Benj. Rose, Eldridge Thornton, John Exum, Samuel Bizzell, and others, containing 975 acres.
That portion of said land, now under cultivation, produces finely, and the balance is excellent
Turpentine Land.
All of which is well watered, and can be purchased on accommodating terms, by calling on the undersigned, at his residence, 15 miles south of Smithfield, Johnston County.
ALFRED ALTMON.
July 10, 1850. 37 tf

Liver Complaint,
JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER OR STOMACH, SUCH AS CONSTIPATION, INWARD PILES, FULLNESS, OR BLOOD TO THE HEAD, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEARTBURN, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FULLNESS OR WEIGHT IN THE STOMACH, SOUR ERUCTATIONS, SINKING OR FLUTTERING AT THE PIT OF THE STOMACH, SWIMMING OF THE HEAD, HURRIED AND DIFFIFULT BREATHING, FLUTTERING AT THE HEART, CHOKING OR SUFFOCATIMG SENSATIONS WHEN IN A LYING POSTURE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DOTS OR WEBS BEFORE THE SIGHT, FEVER AND DULL PAIN IN THE HEAD, DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION, YELLOWNESS OF THE SKIN AND EYES, PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK, CHEST, LIMBS, &c., SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT, BURNING IN THE FLESH, CONSTANT IMAGININGS OF EVIL, AND GREAT DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS,
CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY
Dr. HOOFLAND'S
Celebrated German Bitters,
PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON,
AT THE
GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
No. 120, Arch St., Philadelphia.
Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States; as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.
These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.
READ AND BE CONVINCED.
CHAS. ROBINSON, Esq., Easton, Md., in a letter to Dr. Jackson, Jan. 9, 1850, said—
"My wife and myself have received more benefit from your medicine than any other we have ever taken for the *Dyspepsia and Liver disease.*"
"THE TENTH LEGION," published at Woodstock, Va., January 10, 1850, said—
"A GREAT MEDICINE."
"We have uniformly refrained from recommending to the public any of the various Patent Medicines of the day, unless thoroughly convinced of their value. Among those we consider worthy of notice is the *German Bitters*, invented by Dr. *Hoofland*, and prepared by Dr. Jackson, in Philadelphia. One instance in particular, in which the superior virtues of this medicine have been tested, has falled under our observation. During the last summer, a son of Mr. *Abraham Crabill*, of this county, was very seriously afflicted with Liver Complaint, and after tryiny in vain various remedies, he purchased a bottle of the Bitters, and after using it, was so much relieved of his distressing malady, that he procured another bottle, and is restored entirely to health."
READ FURTHER A NEW FACTS.
JUDGE M. M. NOAH, a gentleman with great scientific and literary attainments, said in his "*New York Weekly Messenger*," January 6, 1850.
"*Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.*—Here is a preparation which the leading presses in the Union appear to be unanimous in recommending, and the reason is obvious. It is made after a prescription furnished by one of the most celebrated physicians of modern times, the late Dr. Christopher Wilhelm Hoofland, Professor to the University of Jena, Private Physicians to the King of Prussia, and one of the greatest medical writers Germany has ever produced. He was emphatically the enemy of *humbug*, and therefore a medicine of which he was the inventer and endorser may be confidently relied on. He specially recommended it in Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Debility, Vertigo, Acidity of the Stomarch, Constipation, and all complaints arising from a disordered condition of the stomach, the liver and the intestines. Nine Philadelphia papers express their conviction of its excellence, and several of the editors speak of its effects from their own individual experience. Under these circumstances, we feel warranted, not only in calling the attention of our readers to the present proprietor's (Dr. C. M. Jackson,s) preparation, but in recommending the article to all afflicted."
MORE EVIDENCE.
The "PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY GAZETTE," the best family newspaper published in the United States, the editor says of
DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.
"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and, therefore, when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised about for a brief period and then forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the Faculty itself."
Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, *and the strongest testimony in its favor, is*, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular Physicians of Philadelphia than all other nostrums combined, a fact that can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.
That this medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt, after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver—it is preferable to calomel in *ill bilious diseases*—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to FEMALE OR INFANT with safety and reliable benefit, at any time.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
This medicine has attained that high character which is necessary for all medicines to attain to induce counterfeiters to put forth a spurious article at the risk of the lives of those who are innocently deceived.
LOOK WELL TO THE MARKS OF THE GENUINE.
They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and the name blown in the bottle, *without which they are spurious.*
For sale, whole sale and retail, at the
GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
No. 120 ARCH Street, one door below Sixth, (late of 278 Race street,) Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers generally throughout the country.
Also, for sale at this Office, in Goldsboro',
And by D. McPherson, Post Master, Smithfield.
Aug. I. 41 1y.

Southern Ladies, patronize your own Mechanics!
KUHN'S PIANOS!!
HAVING been appointed Agent for the sale of Anthony Kuhn's celebrated Pianos in Raleigh, and the State at large, I would respectfully suggest to the ladies of the City and others, who are just on the eve of sending to the NORTH (!) for their Music and Furniture, to wait a few days, and they can have their choice, of superior Instruments, manufactured by the very best workmen, out of the most superb materials, in the City of Baltithore; or, if they are in a hurry and will give me their names, and the quality they desire, I will guarantee that in ten days, they will have an Instrument, which, both as regards tone and finish, and No. of octaves, shall not be surpassed, FOR THE SAME MONEY.
Mr. Kuhn has recently disposed of several Pianos, in the City and the western portion of the State, all of which give decided satisfaction.
Having dealt some in Pianos, those who leave choice of instrument to me, may rely on getting a good article
Arrival of Pianos duly announced.
W. WHITAKER.
Raleigh, July 1, 1850. 38

For the Removal and Permanent Cure of all
NERVOUS DISEASES,
and of those Complaints which are caused by an impaired, weakened or unhealthy condition of the
NERVOUS SYSTEM.
This beautiful and convenient application of the mysterious powers of GALVANISM and MAGNETISM, has been pronounced by distinguished physicians, both in Europe and the United States, to be the *most valuable medicinal discovery of the Age.*
Dr. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC BELT and MAGNETIC FLUID,
is used with the most perfect and certain success in all cases of
GENERAL DEBILITY,
Strengthening the weakened body, giving tone to the various organs, and invigorating the entire system. Also in FITS, LAME, PARALYSIS and PALSY, DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, ACUTE and CHRONIC GOUT, EPILEPSY, LUMBAGO, DEAFNESS, NERVOUS TREMORS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, APOPLEXY, NEURALGIA, PAINS in the SIDE and CHEST, LIVER COMPLAINT, SPINAL COMPLAINT, and CURVATURE of the SPINE, HIP COMPLAINT, DISEASES of the KIDNEYS, DEFICIENCY OF NERVOUS and PHYSICAL ENERGY, and all NERVOUS DISEASES, which complaints arise from one simple cause—
A Derangement of the Nervous System.
☞ IN NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, Drugs and Medicines *increase the disease*, for they weaken the vital energies of the already prostrated system; while under the strengthening, life-giving, vitalizing influence of Galvanism, as applied by this beautiful and wonderful discovery, the exhausted patient and weakened sufferer is restored to former health, strength, elasticity and vigor.
The great peculiarity and excellence of
Dr. Christie's Galvanic Curatives,
consists, in the fact that they arrest and cure disease by *outward application*, in place of the usual mode of drugging and physicking the patient, till exhausted Nature sinks hopelessly under the infliction.
They strengthen the whole system, equalize the circulation of the blood, promote the secretions, and never do the slightest injury under any circumstances. Since their introduction in the United States, only three years since, more than
60,000 Persons
including all ages, classes and conditions, among which were a large number of ladies, who are peculiarly subject to Nervous Complaints, have been
ENTIRELY AND PERMANENTLY CURED,
when all hope of relief had been given up, and every thing else been tried in vain!
To illustrate the use of the **GALVANIC BELT**, suppose the case of a person afflicted with that bane of civilization, DYSPEPSIA, or any other Chronic or Nervous Disorder. In ordinary cases, stimulants are taken, which, by their action on the nerves and muscles of the stomach, afford *temporary* relief, but which leave the patient in a lower state, and with injured faculties; after the action thus excited has ceased. Now compare this with the effect resulting from the application of the GALVANIC BELT. Take a dyspeptic sufferer, even in the worst symptoms of an attack, and simply tie the Belt around the body, using the Vegantic Fluid as directed. In a short period the insensible perspiration will act on the positive element of the Belt thereby causing a Galvanic circulation which will pass on to the negative, and thence back again to the positive, thus keeping up a continuous Galvanic circulation throughout the system. Thus the most severe cases of DYSPEPSIA are PERMANENTLY CURED. A FEW DAYS IS OFTEN AMPLY SUFFICIENT TO ERADICATE THE DISEASE OF YEARS.
Certificates and Testimonials
Of the most Undoubted Character,
From all parts of the Country could be given, sufficient to fill every column in this paper:
AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE,
which conclusively proves that
"Truth is stranger than Fiction."
The following letter, narrating one of the most remarkable events in the annals of Medical Science, is from the
Rev. Dr. Landis, a Clergyman
of New Jersey, of distinguished attainments and extended reputation:—
SIDNEY, New Jersey, July 12, 1849.
DR. A. H. CHRISTIE—Dear Sir: You wish to know of me what has been the result in my own case, of the application of THE GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE. My reply is as follows:
For about *twenty years* I had been suffering from Dyspepsia. Every year the symptoms became worse, nor could I obtain permanent relief from any course of medical treatment whatever. My physicians were skilful and excellent men; but here their prescriptions failed. About *fourteen years* since, in consequence of frequent exposure to the weather, in the discharge of my pastoral duties, I became subject to a severe Chronic Rheumatism, which for year after year, caused me indescribable anguish. In the severest paroxysms, the skill of my physicians sometimes afforded me great relief; but this relief was only temporary. Further: in the winter of '45 and '46, in consequence of preaching a great deal in my own and various other churches in this region, I was attacked by the Bronchitis, which soon became so severe as to require an immediate suspension of my pastoral labors. *My nervous system was now thoroughly prostrated*, and my Bronchitis became worse, so also did my Dyspepsia and Rheumatic affection—thus evincing that these disorders were connected with each other through the medium of the Nervous System. My sufferings were indeed severe, and I had no prospect other than being entirely laid aside from the discharge of those duties, and the performance of those labors in which my soul has ever found the highest of her joys.
But rescuing from effect to cause, I concluded that the *Nervous System* must be reached, before any hope could be indulged of my obtaining relief from these most distressing maladies. In the whole pharmacopœia there seemed to be no remedial agent which could reach and recuperate my Nerrous System; every thing that I had tried for this purpose had completely failed. At last I [illegible] to examine your inventions and [illegible] the very sanguine notes of their eminency. [illegible] to try the effect of the application of the GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE, with the MAGNETIC FLUID. This [illegible] To my great astonishment, in two days my [illegible] I was enabled to resume my [illegible] labors; and from [illegible] ACCOUNT OF THE BRONCHITIS, AND MY AFFECTION [illegible] AFFECTION ALSO CEASED TO TROUBLE ME. Now, if permitted, I could fill a sheet of paper with the details of particulars, but I can now only furnish this brief account. My Dyspepsia has *never returned*; the Rheumatism [illegible] while visits me, but not severely, and is easily arrested, and is manifestly being driven from its hold upon my system, and my Bronchial affection is *entirely cured*. Such is the wonderful and happy results of the experiment.
I have recommended the BELT and FLUID to many who have been likewise suffering from Neuralgic affections. They have tried them, WITH HAPPY RESULTS, I BELIEVE IN EVERY CASE.
I am, dear sir, very respectfully yours,
ROBERT W. LANDIS.
DR. CHRISTIE'S
GALVANIC NECKLACE
Is used for all complaints affecting the Throat or Head, such as Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat, Nervous and Sick Headache, Dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia in the Face, Buzzing or Roaring in the Ears, Deafness which is generally Nervous, and that distressed complaint, called Tic Doloreux.
DR. CHRISTIE'S
GALVANIC BRACELETS
Are found of vast service in cases of Convulsions or Fits, Spasmodic Complaints, and general Nervous Affections of the Head and upper extremities. Also in Palsy and Paralysis, and all diseases caused by a deficiency of power or Nervous Energy in the limbs or other organs of the body.
☞ Many hundred Certificates from all parts of the country of the most extraordinary character can be given, if required.
☞ No trouble or inconvenience attends the use of *DR. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC ARTICLES*, and they may be worn by the most feeble and delicate with perfect ease and safety. In many cases the sensation attending their use is highly *pleasant and agreeable*. They can be sent to any part of the country.
Prices:

The Galvanic Belt,	Three Dollars,
The Galvanic Necklace,	Two Dollars,
The Galvanic Bracelets,	One Dollar Each.
The Magnetic Fluid,	One Dollar.

☞ The articles are accompanied by full and plain directions. Pamphlets with full particulars may be had of the authorized Agent.
PARTICULAR CAUTION.
☞ *Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.*
D. C. MOREHEAD, M. D.,
GENERAL AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES,
129 Broadway, New York.
For sale by A. C. EVANS & BRO.
Wilmington, March 13.

Newbern Advertisements.

Newbern Hotel,
BY
JOHN CHARLOTTE,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Union Point Factory.

A. J. WILLIS,

Manufacturer of ROLLING PIVOT WINDOW BLINDS. Plain and Fancy WINDOW SASH, PANEL DOORS and SHUTTERS.

N. B. Orders for Town, Country, or Shipping promptly attended to, on the most reasonable terms.

To House Builders and owners.

The subscriber has on hand, finished and finishing, **5500** lights of sash, and **617** feet of Window Blinds, which can be bought very low for CASH, at the

Union Point Factory.

He also continues to make Coffins, at the shortest notice, and on terms that shall be satisfactory.

ALONZO J. WILLIS.

NewBerne, May 1, 1850. 27

DR. R. WEBBER,
PHYSO-MEDICAL PHYSICIAN,

Offers his Professional Services to the Citizens of Lenoir County and its vicinity, and hopes to merit a share of their patronage.

OFFICE, PATTERSON'S BUILDINGS, KINSTON, N. C.

The principles which will govern his Practice, will be the careful selection of those articles from the great bosom of Nature, as will act in harmony with the laws of Life and Health; such as do not carry with their beneficial properties the weapons of mischief and death.

July 10, 1850. 37 3m

LENOIR HOTEL,
KINSTON, NORTH CAROLINA,
BY
THOMAS WOODLEY.

THIS establishment has been much enlarged and greatly improved for the comfort and convenience of boarders and travellers. The table, bar, and stables, shall be constantly and well supplied, and every expense and attention given to render perfect satisfaction to all who may patronize the house.

The favor of the travelling community is respectfully solicited.

Kinston, July 9. 37 tf

Sheeting and Oznaburgs.

5 bales Fayetteville Sheeting; 5 bales Randolph Cotton Oznaburgs, very heavy. For sale by
Wilmington, April 17. OWEN HOLMES.

Coffee and Sugar.—Rio and Laguira Coffee, good article; 5 hhds. N. O. Sugar, just received and for sale by J. HATHAWAY & SON.
Wilmington, June 19. 34

ALE.—Just received from New York. 25 Bbls fresh Ale, for sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.
Wilmington, June 19. 34

Just Received.—180 Hhds. early crop Cardenas Molasses, in handsome packages.
Wilmington, June 19. J. HATHAWAY & SON.

Duffy's Tonic Mixture,
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

An effectual cure for Ague and Fever. For sale only by the Agent. C. DuPRE, Druggist.
Wilmington, June 25. 35

SALT—4000 bushels Turks Island Salt; 600 sacks Liverpool do., for sale low by
Wilmington, June 19. MILES COSTIN.

FOR RENT.—The Office on West Center street, in Goldsboro', formerly occupied by Dr. C. F. DEWEY. For terms, apply to the Editor of the North Carolina Telegraph. A. C. EVANS.
June 12th, 1850. 33-tf

Lime,
Constantly on hand, and for sale by
RUSSELL & KENDRICK,
Wilmington, May 15, 1850. North Wharf.

Oranges and Lemons.—Just landed for sale by J. WILKINSON & CO.
Wilmington, June 19. 34

Cod Liver Oil Candy.—For Medical purposes. For sale by J WILKINSON & CO.
Wilmington, June 19. 34

Molasses.
12 hhds. of new crop Cuba Molasses, low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY'S
Wilmington, July 1. 36

Just Received and for Sale.
20 bags Coffee; Cuba and Laguira, and Rio.
7 hhds. Sugars; Muscovado and Porto Rico.
20 bbls Southern Clarified. For sale by
Wilmington, April 9. OWEN HOLMES.

For the Farmers.—15 dozen Spades, Shovels and Manure Forks; 50 doz. Hilling Weeding and Grubbing Hoes.
R. S. THOMPSON & Co.
Wilmington, June 19. Mozart Hall, Front St.

Flour.—20 Bbls. Canal Flour, extra brands; 20 half bbls. do., just received and for sale by
Wilmington, June 19. SAVAGE & MEARES.

Sack Salt.
1,000 Bags just received and for sale by
RUSSELL & KENDRICK,
Wilmington, May 15. North Wharf.

FEMALE SCHOOL.

THE Subscribers have employed Miss M. E. BELLAMY to take charge of the Female School at Thompson Academy.

TERMS OF TUITION:

Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, $5 per session of 5 months. All other studies, $7 50.

Board can be had in respectable families in the neighborhood, as cheap as can be afforded.

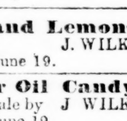
GARD THOMPSON,
T. T. HOLLOWELL,
HAYWOOD HAM.
May 1. 27 Trustees.

SHOCCO SPRINGS,
WARREN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THIS Fashionable Watering Place and pleasant Summer Retreat, with many additions and improvements, will be again opened the ensuing season for the reception and accommodation of visitors.

June 1. 34-3m. SAMUEL CALVERT.

JOB PRINTING.



The Office of the NORTH CAROLINA TELEGRAPH is prepared to execute in the handsomest style, and on the most accommodating terms, every description of PRINTING.

The Clerks of Courts, Sheriffs, Country Merchants, and all others, can have their Printing executed in the shortest time and best manner.

CIRCULARS,	HAND-BILLS,
CARDS,	LABELS,
BLANKS,	TICKETS,
NOTES,	BONDS,
CHECKS,	DRAFTS, &c.

Orders addressed to the Editor of this paper, will meet with prompt attention.

WM. P. MOORE,
RECEIVING, FORWARDING, AND
Commission Merchant,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Wilmington Advertisements.

C. H. LIPPITT,

HAVING REMOVED to the store lately occupied by Messrs. **Anderson** and **Young**, and known as the ANDERSON STORE, has

Just Received

a general assortment of
DRY GOODS, HARD WARE,
CUTLERY, &c,

adapted to the wants of the town and country

C. H. L. respectfully invites his customers to continue their trade with him at his new stand, he would also, say to the customers of Messrs. Anderson & Young, that having succeeded to their business stand (They having gone out of trade) he is desirous of succeeding to their business also, and believes he can offer inducements for their old customers to trade with him. They are respectfully invited to call and examine his goods and judge for themselves.

Wilmington, N. C. Oct. 13th 1849 51-1y

SADDLE, HARNESS, AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has recently received large additions to his stock of Saddle and Harness mountings, &c, of the latest and most improved style, and is constantly manufacturing, at his store on Market street, formerly occupied by Guy C Hotchkiss, every description of articles in the above line. From his experience in the business, he feels confident that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to his customers, and all others who may favor him with a call. He has now on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of

Coach, Gig, and Sulky Harness; Lady's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c.; Gentlemen's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Spurs, &c. &c.,

which he warrants to be of the best material and workmanship. He has also a large assortment of

Trunks, Valises, Saddle and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c.

and all other articles usually kept in such establishments, all of which he offers low for CASH, or on SHORT CREDIT to prompt customers.

Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags, &c., made to order.

REPAIRING of all kinds done with neatness and despatch. Old Saddles and Harness taken in part for new. JOHN J. CONOLEY
Wilmington, Dec. 1849. 84y

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice to all persons concerned, that the House and Lot in Goldsboro', Wayne County, N. C., well known as the Wayne Hotel, I claim as my right and property, as it is now wrongully withheld from me. I forbid the sale of it, or fany portion of it, and forewarn all persons from buying it, as I shall prosecute my right to said property.
May 21—30 tf. EDWIN NEFF.

Take Notice.

THAT on Tuesday, the 11th of November last, W. F. S. Alston, took possession of my House and lot in Goldsboro', for which he gave a note and security to W. F. Brown, my agent, for the payment of the rent—to be paid in four regular instalments. The first instalment was paid in due time, for which he has my receipt. The second instalment has now become due and as the note is not in my possession, nor can I secure it of my agent, this is to give notice, that the said W. F. S. Alston, is forwarned not to pay the meney to any one but myself, and this notice is also to prevent any one from trading for said note, as it is my property.
Wilmington, May 21—30. D. J. GILBERT.

Just Received, a Further Supply.

98 Boxes Window Glass, (best brands) from 8 × 10 to 14 × 22. *ALSO*, 160 kegs pure extra No. 1, White Lean, in oil, of best quality. 10 Bbls. Linseed and Whale Oils. For sale at lowest prices at wholesale, by *A. C. EVANS & BRO.*
Wilmington, May 13. 29

Paint! Paint!

JUST received from the Brooklyn White Lead company, 10,000 lbs. pure Extra, and No. 1 White Lead, which I offer to sell at prices warranted to suit, also 200 lbs. pure Verdigris, ground in oil, and 1 cask Lamp Black, for sale low, by *C.* DuPRE, Druggist & Chemist, Market st.
Wilmington, April 26

CHEAP GOODS, CHEAP GOODS.

WE have just received, per schr. John Potts Brown, a great variety of Silk Lace Trimmings, Silk Braid, Lawns, Linen Cambricks, Silk Handkerchiefs, Lace for Moscheto Netts, Kid Gloves, &c., with a great many other articles too numerous to mention, where ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere.
S. & D. TELLER.

P. S. We have just received a fine assortment of shirts, and Ready Made Clothing, kept in the second story of our store. S. & D. T.
Wilmington, May 20. 30

Hardware and Iron Store,
IN WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE subscriber, late of Baltimore, would respectfully inform *Dealers* and *Consumers* of *Hardware, Iron, &c*, that he has located himself permanently in this place for the purpose of conducting the HARDWARE, IRON and STOVE BUSINESS, on a scale equal to all the demands of both town and country. He has a full assortment of good heavy Hollow-ware, warranted to stand the fire without breaking.

To those who buy to sell again, he would say that he will make his prices to correspond with the Northern. To Planters and others, he would say that he is prepared to furnish their Smith and Carpenter Shops, complete, with the best of tools.

He has on hand every variety kept in the largest wholesale and retail concerns. All of which he offers at the *LOWEST PRICES*, and asks you to call and examine his stock, or send your orders to
J. M. ROBINSON,
May 20.—[30] Importer and Dealer in Hardware.

Just Received,
25 DOZ. assorted Hair Brushes,
5000 superior Regalia *Cigars*,
12 dozen *Congress* Water,
½ gross McAllister's Ointment,
3 dc Dalley's *Pain* Extractor,
6 boxes Davis' *Pain* Killer. For sale by *C.* DuPRE, Druggist and *Apothecary*.
Wilmington, June 25. 35

Just Received from New York.
4 BBLS Engle's *Alcohol*, PURE,
1 carboy Sulphine *Acid*,
1 gross Fahnestock's Vermifuge
1 do Townsend's Sarsaparilla,
½ do Mc Mann's Elixir Opium,
10 lbs English *Calomel*,
1 case Balsam *Copavia*,
6 dozen assorted Paint Brushes,
6 do *American* Mustard,
2 do English do
ALSO—Carbonate *Ammonia*, Sulphine *Aether*, *Cod* Liver Oil, Balsam wild *Cherry*, Tarrant's *Aperient*, &c., &c., for sale cheap at
C. DuPRE'S Drug and *Chemical* Store
Market st.
Wilmington, June 25. 35

Goldsboro' Advertisements

Dr. ALLEN PURRINGTON,
PHYSOMEDICAL PRACTITIONER,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.

N. B.—Dr. P. keeps constantly on hand, a variety of BOTANIC MEDICINES, which can be purchased at the regular retail prices. June 26—35 1 y.

Cotton Gins.

TWO first rate Cotton Gins of 50 saws each, will be sold at a very low price, if early application is made to W. C. BRYAN,
July 2d. 36——6t Near Goldsboro

DISSOLUTION.

The Copartnership heretofore existing between R. W. Hamlet, and Wm. G. Summerlin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to the said Firm must make immediate payment to W. G. Summerlin, who is authorised to settle up the business of said firm

W. G Summerlin
R. W. Hamlet.

July 29, 1850.

LIVERY STABLE.

(Opposite Mrs. Borden's Hotel.)

The subscribers keeps constantly on hand and for hire, a fine collection of Horses, both Saddle and Harness, suitable for persons of every age, sex, or condition.

Also a very superb and elegant variety of vehicles, Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, &c. &c. which can be hired on REASONABLE terms, and always ready.

Persons desiring it, can be conveyed to any part of the State, accompanied by skillful and accommodating drivers. Passengers arriving in the RAIL ROAD CARS, and wishing private conveyances, will find us ready at all times to attend their calls.

WM. G. SUMMERLIN.

MILITARY EQUIPAGE.

A SPLENDID UNIFORM for a Captain, with Cap and Plume, nearly new, is offered for sale cheap.

Enquire at this Office.

March 14, 1850. 20

JOHN SIMMONS,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
Two doors South of the Telegraph Office.
GOLDSBORO' N. C.

☞ Gentlemen leaving work with him to make or repair, may depend upon having their jobs completed at the appointed time. 20—y.

JNO. LANGSTON,
WHEELRIGHT,
MULBERRY STREET
GOLDSBORO', N. C.

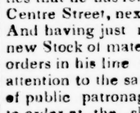
☞ Particular attention paid to repairing vehicles of every description.
April 4th, 1850. 28 1y.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

The undersigned having secured the services of an excellent Blacksmith, and rented the Shop, near Messrs. Summerlin and Hamlet's livery stables, is prepared to Shoe Horses, and do all other kind of work in his line of buisness.

Feb. 7, 1850.—15. F. J. COX.

Saddle and Harness MANUFACTORY.



THE Subscriber thankful for the liberal support heretofore received, begs leave to inform the citizens of Wayne, and the adjoining counties that he has removed to his new Shop on East Centre Street, next door to the Odd Fellow's Hall And having just returned from the North with a new Stock of materials, is prepared to execute all orders in his line of business, and hopes by strict attention to the same, to merit a still greater share of public patronage. Saddles and harness made to order at the shortest notice. Repairing neatly executed.

JOHN TAYLOR.

Raw *Hides* taken in exchange for Saddlery.
Goldsboro', Dec'r 8th 1849. 7—t

WAYNE HOTEL,

IN GOLDSBORO' N. C.

The Subscriber having thoroughly refited the House lately occupied by William Robinson, on the West side of the Rail Road, is now prepared to receive and entertain visiters. The accommodations in all respects, will be as good as can be found in the State. The single rooms are provided with every necessary convenience, and the double rooms, for families, are fitted up with care. The servants have been selected from the best to be obtained, and experienced Ostlers have been employed to take charge of Horses.

The Subscriber will make every exertion to give satisfaction to the patrons of the House

JOHN P. SANFORD.
Goldsboro' Jan. 10th 1850. 11tf.

FASHIONABLE
CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

H. BOLTON,
NO. 231, BALTIMORE STREET,
(Second door West of Charles street, South side,)
BALTIMORE,

Where a complete assortment of
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING,
Made up in the most fashionable style, may always be found. Also, a fine assortment of
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,
Which he will make up to order, at the shortest notice, and in the latest styles, at very reduced prices, FOR CASH. ☞ Clothing warranted to fit.

☞ ON THE SECOND FLOOR, will be found a large stock of CLOTHING, always on hand, suitable for the Country Trade, as low as they can be bought in the United States. 13 1y.

Dry Goods at less than New York Cost.—I will sell my stock of DRY GOODS at less than New York cost. Please call and get bargains. OWEN HOLMES.
Wilmington, April 16. 36

Wilmington Advertisements.

Barrels! Barrels!!

Persons wishing to purchase Spirit Barrels, can be supplied on application at my machine, or by addressing me through mail.

I am now getting a splendid article of *CYPRESS, ASH*, and *WHITE OAK* Barrels for Spirits Turpentine, which I will sell at $1 62½ for oak and ash, and $1 40 for cypress. White Rosin, Turpentine or Tar barrels, made to order. E. D. HALL.
Wilmington, May 20. 30 3m.

DRUGS, MEDICINES PAINTS, OILS, &c.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has and is constantly receiving a large and well selected assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Window glass, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Patent medicines, etc. consisting in part of the following

DRUGS.

Castor oil by the gallon and bottle, calomel, seid.itz and soda powders, opium, epsom and glauber salts, aloes, myrrh, sarsaparilla, spirits ammonia, potash, digitalis, rhubarb ippecac, jalap, barley, sago, tartaric acid, seidlitz mixture, cream tartar, bi. carb, soda, sal soda.

CHEMICALS.

Sulph. quinine, do. morphine, do. act. iodine, iodide potass, lactate of iron, citrate of iron, citrate of iron and quinine, ammon tart. of iron, veratrine, velarianate of zinc, iodide of lead.

PAINTS.—White lead, dry do. ground in oil, pure extra and No. 1, black lead, dry and ground in oil, chrome green, do. ground in oil, chrome yellow, do ground in oil, venitian red, dry and in oil, spanish brown, dry and in oil, yellow ochre, dry and in oil, terra de sienna, umber, lamp black, litharge, coach, japan, and copal varnish, linseed oil, train oil, lamp oil, best winter bleached sperm oil, for family use.

DYE-STUFFS.—Indigo, madder, copperas, logwood, red sanders, annatto.

WINDOW-GLASS.—8 by 10, 10 by 12, 10 by 14, 10 by 15, 11 by 17. 12 by 14, 12 by 16, 12 by 20, etc.

PAINT and VARNISH BRUSHES.—Paint brushes, from No. 6 to 000000, sash tools, No. 1 to No 8, varnish brushes, No. 1 to 000.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Townsend's sarsaparilla,
Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's do. } in quart bottles.
Sands' sarsaparilla,
Sands' Iodide of sarsaparilla,
Webster's do
India Cholagogue, House's Indian Tonic, Indian and Swaim's Panacea, Wistar's Balsom of Wild Cherry, Swayne's syrup of wild cherry Olassaonian balsam, Peery's dead shot, Fahnestock's Vermifuge, Kellinger's Liuament, Jayne's Alterative, Carminative balsam, Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge, Exporant, Wistar's, Peter's Leidy's, blood, Jayne's sanative' beckwith's, brandreth's, Moffatt's, Clickener's, Wright's Indian, Madam hall's Venus, and Champion's Pills, McAllister's, Harrison's, Gray's and Tousey's Ointment, Moffat's Phoenix bitters.

FOR JELLIES, PASTRY, ETC—Cooper's Isinglass, Preston's Ext's. of Vanilla, Rose, Lemon and Nutmeg, Rose water, Essence of Lemon, Cinnamon, and Cloves, Black and Red Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Tonqua beans, Jamaica and Race Ginger.

PERFUMERY AND FANCY ARTICLES—French German, and American Cologne, Am. Cologne, by the pint and quart, Rousel's, Crary's, and Hauel's shaving cream, Military shaving soap, Hauel's Nymph soap, Jones' Chemical soap, Barry's Tricopherous, Jayne's Hair Tonic, *Hauel's* Eau lustral, *Hauel's* Liquid *Hair* Dye, Phalon's Hair Invigorator, Castor Oil Pomatum, Ox marrow, Bear's Oil, Macassar, do., Antique do., Indian do., 50 dozen assorted Fancy soaps, 16 do. *Hair* brushes, assorted, 25 do. Fine Tooth brushes, assorted, 6 do. Nail do., 6 do. shaving do. Plain and Fancy note paper, plain and fancy note envelopes, letter do., plain and fancy letter paper, Fancy Motto seals, Transparent and plain wafers, Cold Cream in jars and bottles, Rose Lip salve, black Pomatum, plain and fancy Toilet bottles, Pink ball, Pink sausers, Fancy Rouge, Alabaster powder, prepared Chalk in balls, Toilet powder, Puff and boxes, Charcoal Tooth paste, Amber do. Orris do., Orris Tooth Powder, Charcoal do., powder, Money wallets, Tobacco do., India Rubber, Drawing pencils, India Rubber ballst Lubin's French Extracts, a large variety, Essence bouquet, Scent bags, Cigar cases, etc.

For sale by WM. H. LIPPITT,
Druggist and Chemists
N. E. Corner of Front and Market
Wilmington, Dec. 9

J. A. Parker,
Wilmington, N. C.
HOUSE, SHIP, & SIGN PAINTER,
Imitator of Wood and Marble, Glazier, Paper-Hanger, and Gilder,

Is prepared to do any kind of work in the above line, either in town or country. Constantly on hand, a general assortment of

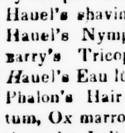
Paints, Oil, Glass, and Putty.

—ALSO—

Agent for Sashes, Doors and Blinds, of one of the best manufactories at the North. Orders promptly attended to.

☞ Jas Griswold, Esq. on application, will furnish prices.
Wilmington, February 18, 1850. 17—1y.

Washington and Lafayette HOTEL.



THE subscriber having taken the WASHINGTON HOTEL in connection with the LAFAYETTE HOUSE, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that the two Houses are open, under the name and style of the WASHINGTON AND LAFAYETTE HOTEL, which is under his immediate superintendence, and now ready for the reception of transient or steady BOARDERS.

The Hotel has been thoroughly cleansed, and supplied with new bedding and furniture of every description. He has also obtained the services of good and faithful servants; and he flatters himself that he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may patronize the House, as no pains will be spared on his part to make his guests both comfortable and contented.

His TABLE will be found bountifully furnished with the best the market affords; and His BAR supplied with the best of Liquors.

DAVID THALLY.
Wilmington, N. C., Oct 13, 1849—[1 y.

$75 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscribe- living in Duplin County, on the 2nd of Janua, ry, 1848, a negro boy by the name of ISAAC about 34 years of age, dark complexion, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high, and quick spoken He is supposed to be lurking about the neighborhood of Falling Creek and Mill Creek, in the counties of Wayne and Johnston, where he has a wife living at David Cogdell's. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me, in Duplin county, or lodged in any jail in the State, so that I can get him again.

THEOPHILUS BARFIELD.
Duplin, Feb. 4, 1850. 15—

MANUFACTURING Establishment.

JOSEPH WOLTERING (for a number of years Foreman in the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Blacksmith Shop) respectfully announces to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounded counties, that he is prepared to manufacture

LOCKS of all descriptions, Guns and Pistols Carriage springs. Mill work Brass Castings, and in short anything in Machine and Blacksmith work. He is also prepared to execute Bell-Hanging at the shortest notice.

Also, has on hand an extensive assortmet of Locks of all kinds at prices from 10 cents to 20 dollars; Edgetools, an assortment of Axes, Drawing-knives, Hatchets, Hammers, Files of various descriptions, and a number of articles in his line too tedious to mention.

All orders faithfully executed at the lowest preices, and new work entrusted to his care will be warranted Orders from a distance will be attended to and executed at the shortest notice. His Establishment will be found at the Raleigh Railroad Depot.

Reparing in his line performed with neatness and despatch Also, a general assortment of Guns and Pistols constantly on hand.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.
Raleigh June 29, 1849.

Turpentine Stills made to order, and old ones repaired.

CHARLES J. NELSON,

COACH MAKER, &c.,

Respectfully informs his fellow citizens of Wayne and the adjoining Counties, that he has recently enlarged his business—considerably increased his former stock, and thereby has proportionably increased his facilities for the prompt and faithful performance of all jobs committed to his care, as

Carriage Maker and general Trimmer, Undertaker, and Harness dealer.

Also, Blacksmith Work, in all its various branches.

He has selected his workmen with a view to their skill, competency and industrious habits, and as he usually superintends his whole business in person, and hoping to be able to give general satisfaction, he earnestly solicits a share of public patronage. He occupies the old stand in Waynesboro'. Nov. 23—5 1y.

J. Wilkinson & co.,
Cash Dealers in
CONFECTIONARY, FRUIT, NUTS
Toys, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Segars, &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Market Street,
WILMINGTON, N C.
November 9, 1849. 3 1y

C. C. BATTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Attends the Courts of Wake and the adjacent Counties. All business entrusted to him, will be promptly attended to.

He is prepared to make out and procure all SOLDIER'S CLAIMS, of every description, at short notice, according to prescribed forms.

Nov. 15, 1849. 4—

Johnston Hotel.
Thomas C. Clifton.
SMITHFIELD N C,
April 20, 1849.

Pavilion Hotel,
BY
H. L. BUTTERFIELD,
(Formerly of the Charleston Hotel,)
CHARLESTON, S. C.

S. P. POLLEY'S,
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufactory.

Turpentine and Whiskey Stills and Worms made and repaired at the shortest notice. Also, have always on hand Rosin strainers, Dippers, Skimmers, Pumps, Stoves, Grates, Oil and Camphine Lamps, Guns, Pistols, Flasks, Percussion caps, and a general assortment of Britania and Japan ware &c &c at New York prices Wilmington, N. C.
Jan. 10 1850 11-1y.

Look Here!

THE Subscriber has opened a large Stock of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES, at Hall & Armstrong's old stand.

He will also attend to the sale of COUNTRY PRODUCE, as Agent, on Water Street.
MILES COSTIN.
Wilmington, Dec; 13. 1y.

Keep them before the People.

CAN be found at the New Grocery and Provision Store, at all times.

5 bbls. of superior New Orleans Molassee
1 " " Stewart's fine Syrup;
12 hhds. of Extra Cuba Molasses;
5 bbls. " Stewart's best Crushed Sugar;
1 " " fresh No. 1, Mackerel;
1 doz. " Kits " "
½ bbl. " No. 1, Salmon;
15 half bbls. of Canal Four, fresh and fancy;
6 bags " " " 24½ lbs.
6 do. " " " 49 "
2 half bbls. Rye Four;
8,000 lbs. of Bacon Sides;
1,000 " " " Hams;
1,000 " " " Shoulders;
60 bbls. Fayetteville Super Flour;
All low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY'S.
Wilmington, July 18. 38

Lost or Mislaid.

A Constable's receipt given to Dr. John W. Davis, by A. G. Thornton for twenty five dollars, dated, I think, srmetime in March 1847 or '48. Said receipt now belongs to me. I hereby forwarn all persons trading for said receipt, or the said Thornton paying it to any one except myself.

D. A. POWELL.
Goldsboro', July 11, 1850. 38—3t

DUDLEY'S
Anti-Rheumatic OIL.

A certain and speedy Cure for Chronic Rheumatism, Spasms of the Muscles, Ligaments, and Back, and for Sprains, Bruises, and Contusions.

The history of this invaluable medicine is remarkable. It has risen into notice, and established a high and just reputation in the region of country where it has been tried, ALONE from the surprising and numerous cures it has effected. The Proprietor Dr Samuel Dudley, Hospital Surgeon, on the Island of Portsmouth, North Carolina, has used it with unfailing success, both in the Hospital, and in his private practice about twenty years. During that period it has been attracting public attention, and gradually rising into general and high reputation in all that region of country, solely, by the surprising certainty of the cures it has uniformely effected. Until very recently, it has never been advertised, nor have any pains been taken to extend its celebrity Its high reputation therefore is permanent, because it is based upon surprising and UNFAILING experiments alone The Proprietor encouraged by its eminent success in cases of Chronic Rheumatism, and by the advice of his friends, and he will add actuated by a desire to extend as far as possible the benefits of its healing properties is now taking measures to make its wonderful properties more generally known All he asks is a fair trial. It is now offered to the afflicted in the Eastern portion of North Carolina The proprietor is perfectly willing to put the result of its success or failure upon its success or failure in curing or failure to cure any case of Chronic Rheumatism, or other affection for which it is recommended

Certificates from highly respectable sources like the following, can be multiplied to almost any extent A few are appended.

The following has been politely furnished by that highly esteemed citizen Col. Joshua Taylor of Beaufort county N. C. well know as a valuable member of our State Senate, and at present Collector of the Port of Ocracoke, North Carolina:—

"At the request of Dr. Samuel Dudley of Portsmouth, North Carolina, I state that some years ago one of my sons had a severe and protracted attack of Rheumatism, and by using his "Anti-Rheumatic Oil" he was relieved.

It gives me great pleasure to say, that besides this case, I have heard of others which convince me that this oil is very valuable in cases of Rheumatism.

JOSHUA TAYLOR.
Washington, N. C., 1848.

The High Sheriff of the County of Carteret, has placed the following at the proprietors disposal—

This may certify, that I have been for many years afflicted with Rheumatism, and recently had an attack in the neck and by the application of 'Dudley's Anti-Rheumatic Oil,' only three times, was in a few hours perfectly relieved.

GEORGE DILL.
Beaufort, N. C. Sept, 1848.

The following letter is from a respectable Druggist, I. Disosway, of Newbern, North Carolina.

Dr. S Dudley,

Dear Sir,—I have sold out almost all of the Anti-Rheumatic Oil sent me, and as I do not wish to get out of it, I should be glad if you would send me another supply. I can speak in the most decided term, in reference to the merits of the Oil. I have never known it to fail. It has been used by one of my the best results, by Mr Guion, late a member of the Legislature, and others and always with decided effect. I know of a person who has been unable to move a foot without assistance, who was cured in less than three days, and with using one bottle only. I can recommend it with confidence, and shall loose no opportunity of so doing. Yours, &c. I. DISOSWAY.
Newbern, N. C Aug 23rd 1849.

$1 per Bottle.

FOR SALE AT
The Bookstore of Wm. H. Mayhew, General agent for the Eastern portion of North Carolina, and by the following agents, I. Disosway, Newbern James W. Carman, Newbern Roscoe Barros, Pollocksville Ben. Askew, Trenton Robert Aman, Onslow R. King, Kinston J. Rouse, Snow Hill, Harper and McGowan, Hookerton.

☞ And for sale at this office.

Only 25 cents per box,

FOR the cure of Headache, Giddiness, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, Heartburn, Worms, Dyspepsia, Cholera *Morbus*, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Liver complaint, Rising in the throat, Fevers of all kinds, Colds, Gout, Gravel, Female Complaints, Nervous complaints, and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood, and morbid secretions of the liver and Stomach.

Every disease to which the human frame is subject, originates from impurities of the blood or derangement of digestive organs.

Dr. Gordon's Family Pills, being compounded exclusively of such ingredients as nature intended should operate on the impurities of the Human System. Strike at the root of the disease, removing all impurities from the body, opening the pores externally, separating all foreign and obnoxious particles from the chyle, so that the blood, of which it is the origin, must be thoroughly pure and necessarily securing a free and vigorous action to the Heart, Lungs, Liver and Stomach, thereby restoring health, by opening the pores, cleansing the veins and arteries, unimpeding all the natural veins and purifying the blood; they render the system not only thoroughly sound, but also impervious to disease, even when all other means have failed.

Within the last twelve months, more than one hundred cases of the most aggravated forms of Dyspepsia have been cured by the medicine, where rigid dieting, the Blue Pill, and almost every other means had been resorted to without any benefit, and when death stared its miserable victim fully in the face. If Dr. Gordon's PILLS were not adapted to the cure of any but this horrid malady, their uniform success in this disease alone would be sufficient to 'waft on to fame' the name of their inventor, as a benefactor of his species. This medicine never fails to cure the worst cases of piles in one week!

For sale in Tarboro', and at this office.
Jan. 10, 1850. 11-tf

Mitchell's Eye Salve.
To the Public.

THE concurrent testimony of men of integrity and worth is the best evidence we can have of any fact of which we have no cognizance ourselves. The great advantages possessed by this article over all other, are—its CERTAINTY, SAFETY, CONVENIENCE and ECONOMY. All physicians admit that great danger is to be apprehended from drugging the eye when in an inflamed and unhealthy state. In the use of this salve this objection is entirely removed, as no harm can possibly result from its use: it being in all cases applied to the EXTERNAL portions of the eye, thereby avoiding all the inconvenience, pain and danger, which necessarily attend the introduction of any pungent article INTO the eye. Its activity in subduing inflamation is so great that but few cases require the use of more than one bottle to effect a perfect cure. For sale at this office.
Jan. 10, 1850. 11-tf